CARMEL CITY CODE

CHAPTER 10: ZONING & SUBDIVISIONS

ARTICLE 1: ZONING CODE

CARMEL ZONING ORDINANCE

CHAPTER 3: DEFINITIONS

3.00	<u>Definitions.</u>
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3.00 <u>Definitions</u>.

The following general rules of construction and definitions shall apply to the regulations of this ordinance:

- **3.01** The singular number includes the plural and the singular, and the plural the singular, unless the context clearly indicates the contrary.
- **3.02** Words used in the present tense include the past and future tenses, and the future present.
- **3.03** The word "shall" is a mandatory requirement. The word "may" is a permissive requirement. The word "should" is a preferred requirement.
- **3.04** The word "Building" or "Structure" includes any part thereof, and the word "Building" includes the word "Structure."
- **3.05** Words not defined herein but defined in the Subdivision Control Ordinance shall be interpreted in accordance with the Subdivision Control Ordinance definition.¹
- **3.06** Words and terms not defined herein or in the Subdivision Control Ordinance shall be interpreted in accord with their normal dictionary meaning and customary usage.²

¹ Section 3.05 amended per Ordinance No. Z-453-04, §j.

² Section 3.06 amended per Ordinance No. Z-453-04, §k.

3.07 **Definitions**:³

A

ACCESSORY DWELLING. See DWELLING, ACCESSORY.

ACCESSORY USE. See USE, ACCESSORY.

ADMINISTRATOR. See DIRECTOR.

ADVISORY PLANNING LAW. The Advisory Planning Law of the State of Indiana, as defined in I.C. 36-7-4-101.

AGRICULTURAL BUILDING. See BUILDING, AGRICULTURAL.

- AGRICULTURE, GENERAL. The use of land for agricultural purposes, including farming, pasturage, horticulture, floriculture, viticulture, and the necessary accessory uses for parking, treating or storing the produce; provided, however, that the operation of any such accessory uses shall be secondary to the normal agricultural activities. The term agriculture does not include chemical storage or manufacturing associated with Agriculture.
- AIRPORT. A facility with surfaced runways and navigation devices for the takeoff and landing of aircraft and with or without services available for aircraft.
- AIRSTRIP. A grassed area runway without navigation devices for the takeoff and landing of aircraft and without services available for aircraft.
- ALLEY. A permanent public service way providing a secondary means of access to abutting lands.
- ALTERATION, MATERIAL. Any change to an approved plan of any type that involves the substitution of one material, species, element, *etc.* for another.
- ALTERATION, MINOR. Any change to an approved plan of any type that involves the revision of less than ten percent (10%) of the plan's total area or approved materials.
- ALTERATION, STRUCTURAL. Any change in the supporting members of a Building such as bearing walls, partitions, columns, beams, girders, or any substantial change in the exterior walls or the roof.
- ALTERATION, SUBSTANTIAL. Any change to an approved plan of any type that involves the revision of ten percent (10%) or more of the plan's total area or approved materials.
- ALTERATION OF REAL ESTATE. Any act by which vegetative cover or soil is removed, or soil is graded and land changed that may result in erosion or the movement of sediments, or the covering of land surfaces with impermeable material on areas totaling more than fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet.
- ANIMAL, DOMESTIC. An animal that is tame or domesticated and not normally found in the wild state.

³ Section 3.07 amended per Ordinance No. Z-320; Z-339; Z-340; Z-345; Z-365-01; Z-369-02, §b-g; Z-389-02; Z-415-03, §a-b, §#; Z-417-03, §3; Z-419-03, §a; Z-453-04, §l; Z-461-04, §a; Z-471-05; Z-486-06, §g-h.

- ANIMAL, EXOTIC. Any wild animal not customarily confined or cultivated by man for domestic or commercial purposes but rather kept as a pet or for display.
- ANIMAL, FARM. Any animal that customarily is raised for profit on farms.
- ANTENNA. A Structure or device that is used for the purpose of collecting or transmitting signals, images, sounds, or information of any nature by wire, radio, visual, or electromagnetic waves, including but not limited to directional or omni-directional antennas, panels, and microwave or satellite dishes. The term does not include an amateur radio station antenna.
- ANTENNA, DISH-TYPE RECEIVING (EARTH STATION OR GROUND STATION). A signal receiving device, the purpose of which is to receive radio communications, television, data transmission or other signals from a satellite or satellites in earth orbit. Considered a Structure, thus subject to all ordinances relating to Structures.
- ANTENNA, RADIO OR TELEVISION TRANSMISSION. A signal receiving device, the purpose of which is to receive radio communications or television signal transmissions.
- APARTMENT. A dwelling unit, primarily of a rental nature.
- AREA, BUILDING. See BUILDING AREA.
- AREA, COMMON. Areas within a development that serve either a portion of or the entire development. (Example common area signs, lighting, landscaping, maintenance shed, *etc.*)
- AREA, GROSS. Entire area of project or platted area.
- AREA, WINDOW. See WINDOW AREA.
- ART & MUSIC CENTER. See CENTER, ART & MUSIC.
- ART GALLERY. A room or structure in which original works of art or limited editions of original art are bought, sold, loaned, appraised or exhibited to the general public.
- ARTIFICIAL LAKE OR POND. See LAKE OR POND, ARTIFICIAL.
- ASSESSED VALUATION. The monetary value placed on a property and/or Building as established by the assessor with authority over the jurisdiction of this ordinance.
- ASSISTED LIVING FACILITY. See FACILITY, ASSISTED LIVING.
- ATTACHED DWELLING. See DWELLING, ATTACHED.
- AUTOMATED TELLER MACHINE (ATM). A mechanized consumer banking device operated by a financial institution for the convenience of its customers, whether outside or in an access-controlled facility.
- AUTOMOBILE FILLING STATION. See STATION, AUTOMOBILE FILLING.
- AUTOMOBILE OR BOAT SALES. See SALES. AUTOMOBILE OR BOAT.

- AUTOMOBILE OR TRUCK REPAIR (INDOOR). See REPAIR (INDOOR), AUTOMOBILE OR TRUCK.
- AUTOMOBILE SERVICE STATION. See STATION, AUTOMOBILE SERVICE.
- AWNING, PERMANENT. A permanent shelter supported entirely from the exterior wall of a building and composed of rigid or non-rigid materials. (See definition of WALL SIGN).
- AWNING, TEMORARY. A temporary shelter, erected and in place for less than six (6) months of any given year, supported entirely from the exterior wall of a building and composed of non-rigid materials except for the supporting framework. One decorative and non-commercial nature, clearly incidental and customary and commonly associated with any national, state, local or religious holiday.

B

- BANNER. A temporary sign composed of lightweight material either enclosed or not enclosed in a rigid frame, secured or mounted so as to allow movement of the sign caused by movement of the atmosphere.
- BASEMENT. A story having part, but not less than one-half (½), of its height below grade. A basement is counted as a story for the purposes of height regulation if subdivided, used for dwelling purposes and/or as walk-out access.
- BAY. See BERTH OR BAY, LOADING AND UNLOADING.
- BED & BREAKFAST. A private, owner-occupied business with two (2) to ten (10) guest rooms where overnight accommodations and a morning meal are provided to transients for compensation and where the bed and breakfast inn is operated primarily as a business.
- BERTH OR BAY, LOADING AND UNLOADING. The off-street area required for the receipt or distribution by vehicles of material or merchandise, which in this Ordinance is held to be a twelve-foot (12') by forty-five-foot (45') loading space with a fifteen-foot (15') height clearance and paved with a hard surface in accordance with the current standards of the City of Carmel.
- BLOCK. A unit or property bounded by one or more streets and by streets and/or railroad rights-of-way, waterways or other barriers.
- BLOCK FRONTAGE. Property having frontage on one (1) side of a street and lying between the two (2) nearest intersecting or intercepting streets, or nearest intersecting or intercepting street and railroad Right-of-way, waterway or other barrier.
- BOARD. The Carmel/Clay Advisory Board of Zoning Appeals.
- BONA FIDE SERVANTS QUARTERS. Living quarters, which may include kitchen facilities, that are either attached or detached from the principal residence, used as a residence by persons employed to provide domestic services to the occupants of the principal residence.
- BORROW PIT. An area of land from which earth is removed for use on another site and a permanent or temporary irregular terrain is created.

- BRICK YARD. See COKE OVENS, BRICK YARDS, KILNS, OPEN HEARTHS, OR BLAST FURNACES.
- BUFFER, GREENBELT. The area of a development which abuts the perimeter of the development and which is designed specifically to provide a buffer and visual screen to adjacent land.
- BUFFER OR SCREEN, SOLID VISUAL. May include, but not be limited to a minimum five-foot (5') high solid evergreen hedge; stone, brick or wood fence; earth mounding or other suitable material or any combination a minimum of five (5) feet in height. If a chain link fence (with or without screen slats) is used, a minimum of five-foot (5') high solid evergreen hedge shall be provided on the residential or commercial side of the fence.
- BUILD-TO LINE. A line appearing on the development plan, stated as the setback dimension from the Right-of-way along which a Building façade must be placed.
- BUILDING. A Structure having a roof supported by columns or walls, for the shelter, support, enclosure or protection of persons, animals, chattels, or property. When separated by party walls, each portion of such a Building shall be considered a separate Structure. See also *STRUCTURE*. See also *Section 3.04*.
- BUILDING, ACCESSORY. A Building subordinate to another Structure or Use located on the same Lot which is not used for permanent human occupancy. An Accessory Building may also include public utility; communication, electric distribution and secondary power lines; gas, water and sewer lines; their supports and poles, guy wires, small transformers, wire or cable and other incidental equipment and public telephone booths.
- BUILDING, AGRICULTURAL. Any building or structure customarily used in connection with a farm other than a dwelling.
- BUILDING, DETACHED. A Building having no structural connection with another Building.
- BUILDING, FRONT LINE OF. The line of the face of the Building nearest the Front Lot Line, not counting patios, terraces, *etc*.
- BUILDING; MULTI-TENANT, GROUND FLOOR. An office or commercial building, occupied by two (2) or more businesses in which every business occupies space on the ground floor and every floor existing above.
- BUILDING; MULTI-TENANT, MULTI-LEVEL. An office or commercial building, occupied by two (2) or more businesses, which cannot be classified as a Multi-tenant, Ground Floor Building.
- BUILDING, PRINCIPAL. A Building in which is conducted the main or principal Use of the Lot on which said Building is situated. Where a substantial part of an Accessory Building is attached to the Principal Building in a substantial manner, as by a roof, such Accessory Building shall be counted as a part of the Principal Building.
- BUILDING, SINGLE-TENANT . An office or commercial building in which all space is occupied by one (1) tenant.
- BUILDING AREA. The maximum horizontal projected area of the Principal and Accessory Building, excluding open steps or terraces, unenclosed porches not exceeding one story in height and architectural appurtenances projecting not more than the amounts specified herein.

- BUILDING FRONTAGE. See FRONTAGE, BUILDING.
- BUILDING HEIGHT. See HEIGHT, BUILDING.
- BUILDING SETBACK LINE. (Sometimes called a Building Line.) The line nearest the front of and across a Lot establishing the minimum open space to be provided between the front line of a Building or Structure and the Front Lot Line.
- BURNING, FREE. A rate of combustion described by a material which burns actively and easily supports combustion.
- BURNING, INTENSE. A rate of combustion described by a material that burns with a high degree of activity and is consumed rapidly.
- BURNING, MODERATE. A rate of combustion described by a material which supports combustion and is consumed slowly as it burns.
- BURNING, SLOW, or INCOMBUSTIBLE. Materials which do not in themselves constitute an active fuel for the spread of combustion. A material which will not ignite, nor actively support combustion, during an exposure for five (5) minutes to a temperature of 1200 degrees Fahrenheit.

C

- CAMP, PUBLIC. Any area or tract of land used or designed to accommodate two (2) or more camping parties, including cabins, tents or other camping outfits.
- CAMPGROUND. See CAMP, PUBLIC.
- CAR WASH. The use of a site for washing and cleaning of passenger vehicles, recreational vehicles, or other light duty equipment.
- CARNIVALS, FAIRS, OR CIRCUSES. A traveling or transportable group or aggregation of rides, shows, games or concessions or any combination thereof.
- CATERING ESTABLISHMENT. An establishment providing meals and/or refreshments for public or private entertainment for a fee.
- CEMETERY. Land used for the burial of the dead and dedicated for cemetery purposes, including columbariums, crematories, mausoleums and mortuaries when operated in conjunction with and within the boundary of such cemetery.
- CENTER IDENTIFICATION GROUND SIGN. See SIGN, CENTER IDENTIFICATION GROUND.
- CENTER, ART & MUSIC. A structure or complex of structures for housing the visual and/or performing arts.
- CENTER; CIVIC, COMMUNITY, or CONVENTION. A place, structure, area, or other facility used for and providing religious, fraternal, social, and/or recreational programs generally open to the public and designed to accommodate and serve significant segments of the community.

- CENTER, FAMILY or CHILD ADVOCACY. An establishment serving the physical, emotional, spiritual and legal needs of victims or at-risk individuals.
- CENTER, MEDICAL-HEALTH. see CLINIC or MEDICAL-HEALTH CENTER.
- CENTER, SURGERY. An establishment that delivers surgical procedures on an outpatient basis and requiring less than a twenty-four-hour stay.
- CENTER, UNIFIED. A grouping of businesses or buildings designed to function as a unit including converted residential structures with more than one (1) occupant space.
- CENTER, URGENT CARE. An establishment that delivers generally non-surgical physician services on an emergency or immediate basis or without the requirement of an appointment for such services.
- CENTERLINE. A line lying midway between the sidelines of a street or alley Right-of-way and/or pavement.
- CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY. A certificate signed by the Director stating that the occupancy and Use of land or a Building or Structure referred to therein complies with the provisions of this ordinance.
- CHANGEABLE COPY. See COPY, CHANGEABLE.
- CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS. See INSTITUTIONS, RELIGIOUS OR CHARITABLE.
- CHILD ADVOCACY CENTER. See CENTER, FAMILY or CHILD ADVOCACY.
- CHURCH, TEMPLE, OR PLACE OF WORSHIP. A Building, together with its Accessory Buildings and property, where persons regularly assemble for religious purposes and related social events and which Buildings, together with Accessory Buildings and uses, is maintained and controlled by a religious body organized to sustain religious ceremonies and purposes.
- CIRCUS. See CARNIVALS, FAIRS, OR CIRCUSES.
- CIVIC, COMMUNITY, or CONVENTION CENTER. See CENTER; CIVIC, COMMUNITY, or CONVENTION.
- CIVIL VIOLATION. See VIOLATION, CIVIL.
- CLINIC or MEDICAL-HEALTH CENTER. An establishment where human patients are admitted for special study and treatment by two or more licensed physicians or dentists, and their professional associates.
- CLUB OR LODGE, PRIVATE. An association organized and operated on a non-profit basis for persons who are *bona fide* members paying dues, which association owns or leases premises, the use of which premises is restricted to such members and their guests, and which manages the affairs of such association by and through a board of directors, executive committee or similar body chosen by the members. Food, meals and beverages may be served on such premises, provided adequate dining room space and kitchen facilities are available. This includes fraternities and sororities.
- COKE OVENS, BRICK YARDS, KILNS, OPEN HEARTHS, OR BLAST FURNACES. A use typical to the manufacture of brick or block materials for wholesale distribution.

- COLISEUM. see STADIUM OR COLISEUM.
- COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY. An Institution accredited at the college level by an agency or association recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education and legally authorized to offer at least a one-year program of study creditable towards a degree.
- COMMERCIAL RECREATIONAL ENTERPRISE OR FACILITY. See RECREATIONAL ENTERPRISE OR FACILITY, COMMERCIAL.
- COMMISSION. The Carmel/Clay Advisory Plan Commission.
- COMMITMENT. A covenant concerning the use or development of a parcel of real property which is made in writing by the owner of that parcel, either voluntarily or in accordance with an order or request of the Commission.
- COMMUNITY CENTER. See CENTER; CIVIC, COMMUNITY, or CONVENTION.
- CONDOMINIUM. One or more Structures, each Structure having two (2) or more Dwelling Units or other units for occupancy, wherein provisions have been made for separate ownership of each individual Dwelling Unit or occupancy unit. A type of ownership.
- CONSTRUCTION, COMMENCEMENT OF. The point in time commemorating the breaking of ground for the construction of a development or Structure.
- CONSTRUCTION FACILITY, TEMPORARY. Temporary Buildings or Structures incidental to construction operations used during construction development.
- CONVENIENCE MARKET. see MARKET, CONVENIENCE.
- CONVENIENCE STORE (WITH OR WITHOUT GAS SALES). see STORE, CONVENIENCE (WITH OR WITHOUT GAS SALES).
- CONVENTION CENTER. See CENTER; CIVIC, COMMUNITY, or CONVENTION.
- COOPERATIVE. A type of ownership characterized by collective ownership of an object by an organization whose members share in the profits or other benefits of said collective ownership.
- COPY. The wording on a sign surface either in permanent or removable letter form.
- COPY, CHANGEABLE. Characters, letters or illustrations that can be changed or rearranged non-electrically or non-electronically without altering the face or surface of the sign.
- COPY AREA. The area in square feet of the smallest geometric figure(s) which describes the portion of the sign which encloses the actual Copy of the sign.
- COUNCIL. The Common Council of the City of Carmel, Indiana.
- COUNTY. Hamilton County, Indiana.
- COUNTRY CLUB. A club with recreation facilities for members, their families and invited guests.

COURT. see CUL-DE-SAC.

- CROSSWAY. A pedestrian mid-block walk located in an easement within the street.
- CUL-DE-LOOP. A street that turns into and reconnects with its main axis, with the center or island used for parking or open space purposes.
- CUL-DE-SAC. (Court or Dead End Street). A short street having one end open to a through street and being permanently terminated by a vehicle turn-around. The length of a cul-de-sac is measured from the center of the turn-around to the centerline of the first intersecting through street.

D

- DATA PROCESSING & ANALYSIS FACILITY. Facility where electronic data is processed by employees, including, without limitation, data entry, storage, conversion or analysis, subscription and credit card transaction processing, telephone sales and order collection, mail order and catalog sales, and mailing list preparation.
- DAY (OR DAY CARE) NURSERY. An organized group program for the care of preschool children away from their own residence for any part of a twenty-four (24) hour day, for compensation or otherwise.
- DECIBEL. A unit of measurement of the intensity or loudness of sound. Sound level meters are used to measure such intensities and are calibrated in decibels.
- DENSITY, GROSS. The total number of Dwelling Units divided by the Gross Area in acres.
- DEPARTMENT. The Carmel Department of Community Services.
- DEVELOPMENT. Any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate including but not limited to:
 - 1. construction, reconstruction, or placement of a building or any addition to a building;
 - 2. installing a Manufactured Home on a site, preparing a site for a Manufactured Home or installing a Recreational Vehicle on a site for more than one hundred eighty (180) days;
 - 3. installing utilities, erection of walls or fences, construction of roads, or similar projects;
 - 4. construction of flood control structures such as levees, dikes, dams, channel improvements, *etc.*;
 - 5. mining, dredging, filling, grading, excavation, or drilling operations;
 - 6. construction and/or reconstruction or bridges or culverts;
 - 7. storage of materials, or;
 - 8. any other activity that might change the direction, height, or velocity of flood or surface waters.

"Development" does not include activities such as the maintenance of existing buildings and facilities such as painting, re-roofing; resurfacing roads; or gardening, plowing, and similar agricultural practices that do not involve filling, grading, excavation, or the construction of permanent buildings.

- DEVELOPMENT REQUIREMENTS. Development standards, plus any additional requirements specified in this Ordinance which must be satisfied in connection of the approval of a Subdivision or Development Plan.
- DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT (dbh). Diameter of a tree trunk measured at fifty-four (54) inches above grade.
- DIRECTOR. Director, or Administrator, of the Department of Community Services for the City of Carmel, Indiana. "Director" and "Administrator" shall include his/her authorized representatives.
- DIRECTORY SIGN. See SIGN. DIRECTORY.
- DISH. That part of the earth station shaped like a saucer or dish.
- DISPLAY, OUTDOOR. The temporary showing of materials or products in an unroofed and/or unenclosed area for a period less than twelve (12) hours.
- DISPOSAL FACILITY. A site or plant where solid waste is subject to treatment, storage, recovery, incineration, grinding, composting, collection or covering by earth.
- DISTRICT. The zoning districts established in this ordinance.
- DOMESTIC ANIMAL. See ANIMAL, DOMESTIC.
- DRAINAGE CONCENTRATION. The diversion of the natural flow of water, directed to a point or an area, that creates a greater than natural flow at that point or area.
- DRIVE, OPEN. All existing internal roads, drives and streets in the Old Meridian/Meijer Zone generally open for use by the general public and all internal roads, drives and streets in the Old Meridian/Village Zone approved prior to the enactment of this Ordinance.⁴
- DRIVEWAY. That space or area of a Lot which is specifically designated and reserved for the movement of motor vehicles within the Lot or from the Lot to a public street.
- DRY CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT WITH ON-SITE PLANT. An establishment or business maintained for the pickup and delivery of dry cleaning and/or laundry with an on-site plant and the maintenance or operation of any laundry or dry cleaning equipment on the premises.
- DRY CLEANING ESTABLISHMENT WITHOUT ON-SITE PLANT. An establishment or business maintained for the pickup and delivery of dry cleaning and/or laundry without an on-site plant and without the maintenance or operation of any laundry or dry cleaning equipment on the premises.
- DUSTLESS HARD SURFACE. A surface adequately covered in accordance with the current standards of the City of Carmel and required to be maintained in good condition at all times.
- DWELLING. A Building, or portion thereof, used primarily as a place of abode for one or more human beings, but not including Hotels or Motels, lodging or Boarding Houses or Tourist Homes.
- DWELLING UNIT. One or more rooms in a residential Building, or residential portion of a Building, which are arranged, designed, used or intended for use as a complete, independent living facility

⁴ Ordinance No. Z-352 effective November 6, 2000.

for one (1) Family and which includes permanent provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking and sanitation.

DWELLING UNIT SIGN. See SIGN, DWELLING UNIT.

- DWELLING, ACCESSORY. A Dwelling that is attached to or located on the same Lot as a detached or attached Single-family Dwelling, has an independent means of access and is owned by the owner of the Principal Building but occupied by another. Accessory Dwellings include Apartments integrated within or attached to a Single-family Dwelling, or located in detached Accessory Buildings located on the same Lot as the Single-family Dwelling.
- DWELLING, ATTACHED. A Townhouse, duplex, triplex, or quadraplex dwellings, developed side by side for sale as condominiums or fee-simple dwelling where land is sold with the Dwelling. Attached dwellings whether sold as condominiums or as individually deeded lots are excluded from the definition of apartments.
- DWELLING, MULTIPLE-FAMILY. A residential Building containing three (3) or more Dwelling Units and occupied by three (3) or more families. Except as otherwise provided by state statute, a Group Home shall not be considered a Multiple-Family Dwelling and treated as such under this Ordinance.
- DWELLING, SINGLE-FAMILY. A residential Building containing only one (1) Dwelling Unit and not occupied by more than one (1) Family. Pursuant to IC 12-28-4-7, a Group Home for the mentally ill shall be treated as if it were a Single-family Dwelling, unless the Group Home will be located within three thousand (3,000) feet of another Group Home for the mentally ill, as measured between lot lines. Pursuant to IC 12-28-4-8, a Group Home for not more than ten (10) developmentally disabled individuals which is established under a program authorized by IC 12-11-1.1-1(e)(1) or IC 12-11-1.1-1(e)(2) shall be treated as if it were a Single-family Dwelling.
- DWELLING, TWO-FAMILY. A residential Building containing two (2) Dwelling Units and not occupied by more than two (2) Families.

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EQUIPMENT SALES & REPAIR. The use of land, buildings or structures for the sale, storage or repair of equipment and machinery, which may include but is not limited to farm implement sales and repair and small engine sales and repair.

ESTABLISH. In reference to signs, this term shall mean attach, alter, construct, paint, or move.

EVENT, SPECIAL. See SPECIAL EVENT, OUTDOOR.

EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION. See MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION. EXISTING.

EXOTIC ANIMAL. See ANIMAL, EXOTIC.

EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION. See MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION, EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING.

- FAÇADE. A Building face or wall.
- FACILITY, ASSISTED LIVING. Housing wherein limited health care is provided for the aged.
- FACILITY, HEALTH AND FITNESS. A place to exercise although not necessarily under the supervision of a physical therapist, occupational therapist, exercise physiologist, or other similar health care provider.
- FACILITY, OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY. A place where therapy in which the principal element is some form of productive or creative activity is provided.
- FACILITY, PHYSICAL THERAPY. A place where treatment of disease and injury by mechanical means such as exercise, heat, light, and massage is provided.
- FACILITY, REHABILITATION. A place used to assist humans to achieve or to restore good health or useful life through therapy, treatment and education.
- FAIR. See CARNIVALS, FAIRS, OR CIRCUSES.
- FAMILY. One or more persons living as a single housekeeping unit, as distinguished from a group occupying a hotel, club, nursing home, fraternity or sorority house, or Group Home.
- FAMILY ADVOCACY CENTER. see CENTER, FAMILY or CHILD ADVOCACY.
- FARM. A tract of land comprising an area of at least five (5) acres which is devoted to agricultural operations, such as forestry; the growing of crops; pasturage; the production of livestock and poultry; the growing of trees, shrubs and plants; and other recognized agricultural pursuits and including Accessory Buildings essential to the operation of the farm. Accessory Buildings may include barns; equipment and animal sheds; farm residences for the owner, operator or farm assistants; roadside sales Structure for the sale of products of the farm, not including industrial or commercial operations or Structures or feedlots.
- FARM ANIMAL. See ANIMAL, FARM.
- FARM, HORSE. A building or structure and/or land whose operator keeps equines primarily for breeding and boarding and which operation may or may not be incidental to the owner's primary occupation. A horse farm includes related equestrian trails and equestrian schools.
- FBFM. Flood Boundary and Floodway Map.
- FEED STORE. An establishment engaged in the retail sale of supplies directly related to the day-to-day activities of agricultural production.
- FEEDLOT. Any area, enclosed or unenclosed, used for the concentrated feeding of livestock, other than grazing.
- FEMA. Federal Emergency Management Agency.

- FENCE. A freestanding device made of metal, masonry, composition or wood, or any combination thereof, resting on or partially buried in the ground, rising above ground level and used for confinement, screening protection or partition purposes.
- FENCE, STOCKADE. A fence constructed of vertical wood strips, with no intervening spaces, providing a complete visual barrier.
- FHBM. Flood Hazard Boundary Map.
- FINANCIAL INSTITUTION. See INSTITUTION, FINANCIAL.
- FIREWORKS, LEGAL. Legal fireworks shall refer to that term as defined by Indiana Code 22-11-14-8.
- FIRM. Flood Insurance Rate Map.
- FISCAL OFFICER. See OFFICER, FISCAL.
- FLASH POINT. The lowest temperature at which a combustible liquid under prescribed conditions will give off a flammable vapor which will burn momentarily using the closed cup method.
- FLOOD. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from the overflow, the unusual and rapid accumulation, or the runoff of surface waters from any source.
- FLOOD (OR FLOOD WATER). The water of any river or stream which is above the banks and/or outside the channel and banks of such river or stream.
- FLOOD, REGULATORY. Means the flood having a one percent (1%) probability of being equaled to *or* exceeded in any given year, as calculated by a method and procedure which is acceptable to and approved by the Indiana Natural Resource Commission and the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The regulatory flood elevation at any location is as defined in *Section 22.04* of this ordinance. The "Regulatory Flood" is also known by the term "Base Flood."
- FLOOD FRINGE. The portions of the flood hazard area lying outside the floodway. The flood fringe (FF) district contains the above area.
- FLOOD HAZARD AREA, SPECIAL. See SFHA or SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA.
- FLOOD PROFILE, REGULATORY. A longitudinal profile along the thread of a river or stream showing the maximum water surface attained by the regulatory flood.
- FLOOD PROTECTION GRADE (FPG). The elevation of the regulatory flood plus two (2) feet at any given location in the SFHA.
- FLOODPLAIN. The channel proper and the areas adjoining any wetland, lake, or watercourse which have been and hereafter may be covered by the Regulatory Flood. The floodplain includes both the Floodway and the Floodway Fringe districts.
- FLOODWAY. The channel of a river or a stream and those portions of the Floodplains adjoining the channel which are reasonably required to efficiently carry and discharge the peak flood flow of the Regulatory Flood of any river or stream.

FLOODWAY, COMMISSION. The channel of a river or stream and those portions of the flood plain adjoining the channel that are required to carry and discharge flood waters of said river or stream, including but not limited to flood flows associated with the regulatory flood, as established by the Indiana Natural Resources Commission.

FLOODWAY FRINGE. Those portions of the Floodplain lying outside the Floodway.

FLOOR, GROUND. The first level of a Building that provides outside access by a door.

FLOOR, LOWEST. Means the lowest floor of the following:

- 1. the top of the basement floor;
- 2. the top of the garage floor, if the garage is the lowest level of the building;
- 3. the top of the first floor of buildings elevated on pilings or constructed on a crawl space with permanent openings, or;
- 4. the top of the floor level of any enclosure below an elevated building where the walls of the enclosure provided any resistance to the flow of flood waters unless:
 - a. the walls are designed to automatically equalize the hydrostatic flood forces on the walls by allowing for the entry and exit of flood waters, by providing a minimum of two (2) openings (in addition to doorways and windows) having a total area of one (1) square inch for every one (1) square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding. The bottom of all such openings shall be no higher than one (1) foot above grade.
 - such enclosed space shall be usable for the parking of vehicles and building access.
- FLOOR AREA, GROSS. The sum of the total horizontal areas of the several floors of all Buildings on a Lot, measured from the interior faces of exterior walls. The term Gross Floor Area shall include basement, elevator shafts and stairwells of each story, floor space used for mechanical equipment with structural headroom of six (6) feet six (6) inches or more, penthouses, attic space (whether or not a floor has actually been laid providing headroom of six (6) feet six (6) inches or more), interior balconies, and mezzanines.
- FLOOR AREA, GROUND. The square foot area of a Building within its largest outside dimensions computed on a horizontal plane at the ground floor level, exclusive of open porches, breezeways, terraces, garages, and exterior stairway.
- FLOOR AREA, NET. The sum of the total horizontal areas of the several floors of all Buildings on a Lot, measured from the interior faces of exterior walls and from the center line of walls separating two (2) or more Buildings. The term Net Floor Area shall include outdoor display areas for the sale, rental and display of recreational vehicles, boats and boating equipment; trailers; horticultural items, farm or garden equipment and other similar products; but shall exclude areas designed for permanent Uses such as toilets, utility closets, malls enclosed or not, truck tunnels, enclosed parking areas, meters, rooftop mechanical Structures, mechanical and equipment rooms, public and fire corridors, stairwells, elevators, escalators, and areas under a sloping ceiling where the headroom in fifty percent (50%) of such area is less than six (6) feet six (6) inches.
- FLOOR AREA RATIO (FAR). A figure expressing the total Gross Floor Area as a multiple of the area of a Lot or parcel. This figure is determined by dividing the Gross Floor Area of all Buildings including basements, but not covered parking on a Lot or parcel, by the area of that Lot or parcel.

- FOOD STAND. A structure used for the display and retail sale of food products with no space for customers within the structure itself.
- FOOTCANDLE. A unit of illumination. It is equivalent to the illumination at all points which are one (1) foot distant from a uniform source of one (1) candlepower.
- FRATERNITY. See CLUB OR LODGE, PRIVATE.
- FREEWAY. State Road 431, U.S. Hwy. 421, U.S. Hwy. 31 and Interstate 465.
- FRONTAGE. Generally, the distance of the Front Lot Line of a Lot abutting a Street. When a particular development standard requires that Buildings occupy a certain minimum percentage of the Frontage, the Frontage shall be the distance of the Front Lot Line reduced by physical, legal and other characteristics of the Lot located in or impacting the Front Yard in a manner that limits of prevents the construction of Buildings on the Lot which Buildings could, except for such characteristics, be oriented to the Build-to Line. Examples include, without limitation, retention and detention ponds, rights-of-way, permitted parking areas, and utility easements.
- FRONTAGE, BUILDING. The linear length of the primary frontage of the building or segment thereof facing the street on which the sign shall be established. (Applies to Ground Floor only).
- FRONTAGE, PROPERTY. The length of property line of any one premises parallel to and along one (1) public and/or one (1) private street.
- FUNERAL HOME OR MORTUARY. An establishment providing services such as preparing the human dead for burial and arranging and managing funeral, and may include limited caretaker facilities. This may also include crematoriums.
- FURNACE, BLAST. See COKE OVENS, BRICK YARDS, KILNS, OPEN HEARTHS, OR BLAST FURNACES.

G

GALLERY, ART. See ART GALLERY.

- GARAGE, PRIVATE. An Accessory Building or portion of the Principal residential Building, commonly used for the shelter and storage of vehicles.
- GARAGE, PUBLIC. Any Building, except those defined herein as a Private Garage, used for the storage or care of motor vehicles or where such vehicles are equipped for operation, repaired or kept for remuneration, hire or sale.
- GENERAL AGRICULTURE. See AGRICULTURE. GENERAL.

GENERAL OFFICE. See OFFICE, GENERAL.

GENERAL PERSONAL SERVICES. See PERSONAL SERVICES. GENERAL.

GENERAL RETAIL SALES. See SALES, GENERAL RETAIL.

- GOLF COURSE. A tract of land laid out with at least nine holes for playing a game of golf and improved with tees, greens, fairways, and hazards. A golf course includes a clubhouse and shelters as accessory uses.
- GRACE PERIOD. Extension of time granted for correction, termination, or cessation of a Civil Violation of the Zoning Ordinance.
- GRAIN ELEVATOR. A building for elevating, storing, discharging, and sometimes processing grain.
- GREENBELT. That portion of the Front Yard of the Lot which is immediately adjacent and parallel to the Right-of-way of State Highway 431, U.S. Highway 31 or U.S. Highway 421, located within an Overlay Zone District Boundary and having a minimum depth of thirty (30) feet.
- GREENBELT BUFFER. See BUFFER, GREENBELT.
- GREENHOUSE. A Structure for the propagation of plant materials and for sale of same.
- GREENHOUSE, COMMERCIAL. A Building used for the growing of plants, all or part of which are sold at retail or wholesale. This includes plant growing operations.
- GROSS DENSITY. See DENSITY. GROSS.
- GROUND SIGN. See SIGN, GROUND.
- GUEST HOUSE. See HOUSE, GUEST.

H

- HABITATION/OCCUPANCY. The act, state or condition of being or becoming a tenant or of living in or taking up quarters or space in a Structure or on a land area.
- HEALTH AND FITNESS FACILITY. See FACILITY, HEALTH AND FITNESS.
- HEARTH, OPEN. See COKE OVENS, BRICK YARDS, KILNS, OPEN HEARTHS, OR BLAST FURNACES.
- HEAVY INDUSTRIAL. See INDUSTRIAL, HEAVY.
- HEAVY MANUFACTURING. See MANUFACTURING. HEAVY.
- HEIGHT OF GROUND SIGN. See SIGN, HEIGHT OF GROUND.
- HEIGHT, BUILDING. The vertical distance from the lot ground level to the highest point of the roof for a flat roof, to the deck line of a mansard roof and to the mean height between eaves and ridges for gable, hip and gambrel roofs.
- HELICOPTER PAD. A level surface designed to accommodate the landing and taking off of helicopters.
- HELIPORT. A facility or land area with navigation devices for the takeoff and landing of helicopters with or without services available for aircraft.

HISTORIC SITE. A location set aside for no other purpose than to commemorate a historical event, activity, or person.

HOLIDAY SIGN. See SIGN, HOLIDAY.

HOME, GROUP. Any of the following:

- 1. a residential Structure (licensed under IC 12-17.4) in which care is provided on a twenty-four (24) hour basis for not more than ten (10) children; or
- 2. a facility (licensed under IC 12-28-4) that provides residential services for developmentally disabled individuals in a program described in IC 12-11-1.1-1(e)(1) or IC 12-11-1.1-1(e)(2); or
- 3. a facility (licensed under IC 12-28-4) that provides residential services for mentally ill individuals in a program described in IC 12-22-2-3.
- HOME, MANUFACTURED. IC 36-7-4-1106 established a definition of a Manufactured Home to be a Dwelling Unit designed and built in a factory containing a seal certifying that the home was built in compliance with Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Law (42 U.S.C. 5401 *et seq.*) and applies to such homes that were built after January 1, 1981. Manufactured Homes which exceed nine hundred fifty (950) square feet may not be totally precluded by ordinance from being located in various areas zoned for housing.

HOME, MOBILE. (See "Mobile Home").

- HOME, MODEL. A finished, residential unit, including units in a multi-family structure and mobile homes for which a certificate of occupancy could be obtained, located in a residentially zoned district but utilized as an example of a product offered for sale to purchasers (by a realtor, builder, developer, or contractor). The dwelling house may be furnished but not occupied as a residence while being used as a Model Home.
- HOME, TOURIST. A Building in which one (1) but not more than five (5) guest rooms are used to provide or offer overnight accommodations to transient guests for compensation.
- HOME OCCUPATION. An Accessory Use conducted in a Single-, Two- or Multiple-family Dwelling which is clearly incidental and secondary to the Use of the Dwelling for dwelling purposes. (see also Section 25.18)

HORSE FARM. See FARM, HORSE.

- HOSPICE. An establishment that provides palliative care and attends to the emotional and spiritual needs of terminally ill patients.
- HOSPITAL. An establishment for humans providing physical or mental health services, in-patient or overnight accommodations, and medical or surgical care of the sick or injured. Hospital includes sanitariums
- HOSPITAL, VETERINARY, WITH KENNEL. A facility for the practice of veterinary medicine with provisions for the boarding of animals.
- HOSPITAL, VETERINARY, WITHOUT KENNEL. A facility for the practice of veterinary medicine without provisions for the boarding of animals.

- HOTEL. Any Building or group of Buildings containing five (5) or more rooms without direct entrance to or from the outside, designed or intended to be occupied for sleeping purposes by guests for a fee, often with a common kitchen and dining room facilities provided within the Building or an Accessory Building, and which caters to the traveling public.
- HOTEL, FULL SERVICE. A commercial Building or Buildings with guest rooms for sleeping, a common kitchen, and a full service dining room to provide meals for paying guests, a twenty-four (24) hour reception desk, a lobby, and conference rooms with a minimum of forty (40) square feet of conference room per guest room. The rooms shall be primarily designed for and occupied by transients renting them on a daily basis and usually staying less than seven (7) days. Recreational amenities shall be included within the hotel, or within three hundred (300) feet (walking distance) of the hotel.
- HOUSE, BOARDING. A Building not open to transients, where lodging and/or meals are provided for three (3) or more, but not over thirty (30), persons regularly; a lodging house.
- HOUSE, GUEST. Living quarters within a detached accessory building located on the same premises with the main residence building for use by temporary guests of the occupants of the main residence building, and not rented or otherwise used as a separate Dwelling.
- HOUSE PAD ELEVATION. The lowest outside finished ground elevation necessary to meet the minimum drainage requirements for the Ground Floor of a Structure.

I

IDENTIFICATION SIGN. See SIGN, IDENTIFICATION.

- ILLUMINATION. Artificial light which shall not be blinking, fluctuating, or moving. Light rays shall shine only upon the property within the premises and shall not spill over the property lines in any direction in excess of development standards of the Ordinance.
- IMPACT FEE STATUTE. The following provisions to the Indiana Code, as amended: IC 36-7-4-1300 through IC 36-7-4-1342.
- IMPROVEMENT. Any change in Use, any major exterior remodeling of a Structure or grounds, any addition to a Structure or parking area, or any interior remodeling of over thirty percent (30%) of the gross square footage of a Structure.
- IMPROVEMENT, SUBSTANTIAL. Any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. This term includes structures that have incurred "substantial damage" regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not include improvements of structures to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code requirements of any alterations of a "historic structure," provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "historic structure."
- IMPROVEMENT LOCATION PERMIT. A permit signed by the Director stating that a proposed improvement complies with the provisions of this ordinance and such other ordinances as may be applicable. For the purposes of the Impact Fee Statute, and Improvement Location Permit (issued under the Carmel/Clay Zoning Ordinance) shall be considered a "structural building permit."

INCOMBUSTIBLE. See BURNING, SLOW, or INCOMBUSTIBLE.

INDOOR STORAGE. See STORAGE, INDOOR.

- INDUSTRIAL, HEAVY. An industrial Use which requires both Building and open Area for manufacturing, fabricating, processing, repairing, dismantling, storage or disposal of raw materials, manufactured products or wastes which is not injurious to health or safety of humans or animals, or injurious to vegetation and which is not noxious or offensive by reason of the emission of smoke, dust, gas, fumes, odors, or vibrations beyond the limits established herein.
- INDUSTRIAL, LIGHT. An industrial Use which creates a minimum amount of nuisance outside the plant, is conducted entirely within enclosed Buildings, does not use the open area around such Buildings for storage of raw materials or manufactured products or for any other industrial purpose other than transporting goods between Buildings, provides for enclosed loading and unloading berths and which is not noxious or offensive by reason of the emission of smoke, dust, fumes, gas, odors, noises or vibrations beyond the limits established herein. This may include a machine shop, sign shop, welding shop, sheet metal shop, specialized contractor shop, or exterminating shop.
- INFRASTRUCTURE, PARKS AND RECREATION. The capital improvements that comprise the parks and other recreational facilities that are:
 - i) are owned or leased by the Parks Board and/or the City of Carmel solely for a public purpose, and
 - ii) are included in the 2005-2010Zone Improvement Plan.

Parks and Recreation Infrastructure includes the site improvements and interests in real property needed for such parks and other recreational facilities.

- INSTITUTION. A non-profit organization established for public, charitable, educational or religious purposes such as church, college or university, hospital or school.
- INSTITUTION, FINANCIAL. Any Building wherein the primary occupation is concerned with such Federal- or State-regulated businesses as banking, savings and loans, loan companies and investment companies.
- INSTITUTION, PENAL OR CORRECTIONAL. The use of land for the confinement or safe custody of persons so confined as the result of legal process and includes attendance centers established for persons sentenced to serve periods of community service.
- INSTITUTION, RELIGIOUS OR CHARITABLE. Non-profit organizations that are supported primarily by charity and whose principal function is the performance of charitable works or religious activities. This definition shall include but not limited to churches, mosques, synagogues, or other religious institutions. Not included in this definition are social organizations or clubs.

INSTITUTIONAL SIGN. See SIGN, INSTITUTIONAL.

INTEGRAL SIGN. See SIGN, INTEGRAL.

J

JUNK YARD. Any place at which personal property is or may be salvaged for reuse, resale or reduction or similar disposition and is owned, possessed, collected, accumulated, dismantled or sorted,

including, but not limited to used or salvaged base metal or metals, their compounds or combinations; used or salvaged rope, bags, paper, rags, glass, rubber, lumber, millwork, brick and similar property, except animal matter; and used motor vehicles, machinery or equipment which is used, owned or possessed for the purpose of wrecking or salvaging parts therefrom.

JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSION AND THE BOARD. The City of Carmel, Indiana and the unincorporated territory of Clay Township, Hamilton County, Indiana. The jurisdiction of the Board is identical.

K

- KENNEL, COMMERCIAL. Any Lot on which four (4) or more dogs, or small animals, at least four months of age are kept.
- KENNEL, RESIDENTIAL. Any Lot on which three (3) or less dogs, or small animals, at least four months of age are kept.
- KILN. See COKE OVENS, BRICK YARDS, KILNS, OPEN HEARTHS, OR BLAST FURNACES.
- KINDERGARTEN (PRE-SCHOOL). A school for children primarily between the ages of three and five, providing preparation for elementary school.

L

- LABORATORY, MEDICAL. A place for gathering, sampling, handling, processing, observing, and testing human tissue, blood, and other similar items.
- LAKE OR POND, ARTIFICIAL. A manmade body of water of one thousand (1000) square feet or greater in area.
- LAKE OR POND, ARTIFICIAL, NON-PLATTED. A body of water created artificially that is either fed or not fed by a watercourse that is not a part of a plat.
- LAND DISTURBANCE PERMIT. See PERMIT, LAND DISTURBANCE.
- LANDSCAPE. To make a plot of ground more attractive by adding plantings other than grass and which may include Mounding per this Ordinance.
- LANDSCAPED GREEN AREA. An area which includes live plantings other than grass. The size of planting at the time of installation shall be not less than a minimum of eighteen (18) inches width and height for shrubs, a minimum of four to five (4 5) feet in height for evergreen conifer trees and a minimum of six to eight (6 8) feet in height for shade trees.
- LANDSCAPING. The improvement of a Lot with grass and mounding, shrubs, trees, other vegetation and/or ornamental objects. Landscaping may include pedestrian walks, flowerbeds, retention ponds, ornamental objects such as fountains, statues and other similar natural or artificial objects designed and arranged to produce an aesthetically pleasing effect.
- LEGAL NON-CONFORMING SIGN. See SIGN, LEGAL NON-CONFORMING.

- LETTER OF MAP AMENDMENT (LOMA). An amendment to the currently effective FEMA map that establishes that a property is not located in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). A LOMA is only issued by FEMA.
- LETTER OF MAP REVISION (LOMR). An official revision to the currently effective FEMA map. It is issued by FEMA and changes flood zones, delineations, and elevations.
- LIBRARY. A public facility for the use, but not sale, of literary, musical, artistic, or reference materials.
- LIGHT INDUSTRIAL. See INDUSTRIAL, LIGHT.
- LIGHT MANUFACTURING. See MANUFACTURING, LIGHT.
- LIVESTOCK. Animals and especially farm animals, raised for use, profit or enjoyment including horses, ponies, cattle, sheep, goats and other similar domesticated animals.
- LODGE. See CLUB OR LODGE, PRIVATE.
- LOGO. The official emblem or insignia of an organization, corporation or institution.
- LOT. A portion of a Subdivision or other parcel of land intended as a unit for transfer of ownership or development and having its principal frontage on a street.
- LOT, CORNER. A Lot at the junction of, and having frontage on, two or more intersecting streets.
- LOT, DEPTH OF. The mean horizontal distance between the Front Lot Line and the Rear Lot Line, measured in the general direction of the Side Lot Lines.
- LOT, DOUBLE FRONTAGE. A Lot fronting on two (2) non-intersecting streets.
- LOT, IMPROVED. A Lot fronting on an improved or partial street that is open for public Use.
- LOT, INTERIOR. A Lot other than a Corner Lot or Through Lot.
- LOT, REVERSED INTERIOR. A Lot, other than a Corner Lot, which has frontage on a street perpendicular to, or at an angle with, the frontage street of the adjacent Lots.
- LOT, THROUGH. A Lot having frontage on two (2) parallel or approximately parallel streets.
- LOT COVERAGE. The percentage of the lot area covered by the Building Area.
- LOT COVERAGE, MAXIMUM. The entire Lot or parcel which can be developed (Buildings, principal or accessory; storage areas; parking lots and other accessory Uses).
- LOT GROUND LEVEL. For Buildings having walls adjoining one (1) street only, the elevation of the sidewalk or the established grade of the street at the Front Lot Line at the center of the wall adjoining the street; for Buildings having walls adjoining more than one street, the average of the elevation of the sidewalk or the established grade at the center of the walls adjoining the streets, and, for Buildings having no wall adjoining the street, the average level of the ground adjacent to the exterior walls of the Building. Any wall approximately parallel to and not more than five (5) feet from a street is to be considered as adjoining the street.

- LOT LINE, FRONT. In the case of an Interior Lot, a line separating the Lot from the Right-of-way of the street and, in the case of a Corner Lot, a line separating the narrowest frontage of the Lot from the street, except in cases where deed restrictions in effect specify another street Right-of-way line as the Front Lot Line.
- LOT LINE, REAR. A lot line which is opposite and most distant from the Front Lot Line and, in the case of an irregular or triangular-shaped Lot, a line ten (10) feet in length within the Lot, parallel to and at the maximum distance from the Front Lot Line.
- LOT LINE, SIDE. Any Lot boundary line not a Front Lot Line or a Rear Lot Line.
- LOT LINE, ZERO. The placement of a Dwelling Unit on an individual Lot in which one or more of the walls of the Dwelling Unit are at one or more of the lot lines.
- LOT OF RECORD. A Lot which has been recorded prior to December 21, 1957.
- LOT WIDTH. The dimension of a Lot, measured between Side Lot Lines on the Building Line (or in the case of a curved Building Line, it is measured tangent to the arc).
- LOW NOISE AMPLIFIED (LNA). A signal amplifying device situated within the earth station; the purpose of which is to magnify the electronic signals received and transfer them through the coaxial cable to the receiver.

LOWEST FLOOR. See FLOOR, LOWEST.

LUMBER OR BUILDING MATERIALS SALES. See SALES, LUMBER OR BUILDING MATERIALS.

M

- MANUFACTURED HOME. A Structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed for use with or without a permanent foundation when attached to the required utilities. The term "manufactured home" does not include a "recreational vehicle."
- MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION, EXISTING. A manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the Manufactured Homes are to be affixed (including, at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed before the effective date of this Ordinance.⁵
- MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION, EXPANSION TO AN EXISTING. The preparation of additional sites by the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the Manufactured Homes are to be affixed (including installation of utilities, the construction of streets, and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads).
- MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION, NEW. a manufactured home park or subdivision for which the construction of facilities for servicing the lots on which the Manufactured Homes are to be affixed (including at a minimum, the installation of utilities, the construction of streets,

⁵ Ordinance No. Z-311 effective November 6, 1995.

and either final site grading or the pouring of concrete pads) is completed on or after the effective date of this Ordinance.⁶

MANUFACTURED HOUSING SALES. See SALES, MANUFACTURED HOUSING.

- MANUFACTURING, HEAVY. The manufacture or compounding process of raw materials. These activities or processes would necessitate the storage of large volumes of highly flammable, toxic materials or explosive materials needed for the manufacturing process. These activities may include disposal of radioactive materials, fertilizer manufacturing, leather curing and tanning, lime, cement, asphalt, and gypsum refining and manufacturing, petroleum refining and manufacturing, reclaiming processes involving materials and/or chemicals that are considered dangerous to the health, safety and welfare of the general public as determined by the State of Indiana, Board of Health, or the City of Carmel, slaughtering, stock yards, wood preservatives refining and manufacturing, and the manufacture of flammable liquids or gases.
- MANUFACTURING, LIGHT. The manufacture, predominantly from previously prepared materials, of finished products or parts, including processing, fabrication, assembly, treatment and packaging of such products, and incidental storage, sales, and distribution of such products, but excluding basic industrial processing and custom manufacturing. This may include a lithographing establishment.
- MARKET, CONVENIENCE: An establishment, not exceeding 5,000 square feet of Gross Floor Area, serving a limited market area and engaged in retail sales or rental, from the premises, of food, beverages and other frequently or recurrently needed items for household use, excluding gasoline sales.

MEDICAL-HEALTH CENTER. See CLINIC or MEDICAL-HEALTH CENTER.

MEDICAL LABORATORY. See LABORATORY, MEDICAL.

MEDICAL OFFICE. See OFFICE, MEDICAL.

- MEETING OR PARTY HALL. A building designed for public assembly, containing at least one room having an area equivalent for four hundred (400) square feet per dwelling unit or 2,400 gross square feet, whichever is greater.
- MINERAL, SOIL, OR GRAVEL EXTRACTION OPERATIONS. Any process used in obtaining, from the earth, naturally occurring substances.
- MOBILE HOME. Any vehicle, including the equipment sold as a part of a vehicle, used as a conveyance upon streets by either self-propelled or non self-propelled means and which is designed, constructed, reconstructed or structurally altered in such a manner as will permit the occupancy thereof as a Dwelling and which is both used and occupied as a Dwelling but having no foundations other than wheels, jacks, skirting, or other temporary supports.
- MOBILE HOME PARK. An area of land upon which two or more Mobile Homes are harbored for the purpose of being occupied either free of charge or for revenue purposes, including any Building, Structure, vehicle or enclosure used or intended for use as a part of the equipment of such Mobile Home Park.

⁶ Ordinance No. Z-311 effective November 6, 1995.

MOBILE HOME STAND OR PAD. A stationary foundation designed for a Mobile Home providing support, water supply, waste disposal and electrical convenience.

MODEL HOME. See HOME, MODEL.

MORTUARY. See FUNERAL HOME OR MORTUARY.

MOTEL. Any Building or group of Buildings containing five (5) or more rooms with direct entrance to or from the outside, designed or intended to be occupied for sleeping purposes by guests for a fee.

MOTOR BUS OR RAILROAD STATION. See STATION, MOTOR BUS OR RAILROAD.

MOTOR VEHICLE. See VEHICLE, MOTOR.

MOUNDING. Slopes with a ratio in excess of 1 (vertical): 10 (horizontal), 1:10 (10%) slopes require approval by the Commission per ADLS review. Approval of mounding must be a part of the overall site landscaping plan.

MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING COMPLEX. A building(s) for residential purposes with three (3) or more dwelling units, having common or party walls, on a single lot.

MULTI-TENANT, MULTI-LEVEL BUILDING. See BUILDING, MULTI-TENANT, MULTI-LEVEL.

MULTI-TENANT, GROUND FLOOR BUILDING. See *BUILDING*, *MULTI-TENANT*, *GROUND FLOOR*.

MULTI-TENANT BUILDING COMPLEX. Two (2) or more buildings designed to function as a unit or one (1) building with seven (7) or more tenants.

MULTI-TENANT BUILDING COMPLEX DIRECTORY SIGN. See SIGN, MULTI-TENANT BUILDING COMPLEX DIRECTORY.

MULTIPLE-FAMILY DWELLING. See DWELLING, MULTIPLE-FAMILY.

MUSEUM. An Institution that is established for the purpose of acquiring, conserving, studying, interpreting, assembling and exhibiting to the public for its instruction or enjoyment, a collection of artifacts of historical interest.

MUSIC CENTER. See CENTER, ART & MUSIC.

N

NAMEPLATE. A non-electrical wall sign identifying only the name and occupation or profession of the occupant of the premises on which the sign is located. If any premises include more than one occupant, refers to all names and occupations or professions as well as the name of the building and directional information.

NEW MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION. See MANUFACTURED HOME PARK OR SUBDIVISION, NEW.

NIGHTCLUB. See TAVERN OR NIGHTCLUB.

- NOTICE OF VIOLATION. Written notification of non-compliance in accordance with Chapter 34: Zoning Violations.
- NURSING, RETIREMENT OR CONVALESCENT FACILITY. A home for the aged or infirm in which three (3) or more persons not of the same immediate Family are housed and provided with food, and/or care for compensation; but not including hospitals, clinics, or similar Institutions devoted primarily to the diagnosis and treatment of the sick or injured. Included are limited care apartments, suites for the elderly, and assisted living and nursing homes.

0

OCCUPANCY. See HABITATION/OCCUPANCY.

OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY FACILITY. see FACILITY, OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY.

- OCCUPIED SPACE. The total area of earth horizontally covered by the Structure, excluding accessory Structures such as, but not limited to garages, patios and porches.
- OCTAVE BAND. A term denoting all of the frequencies from one given frequency to a second. In sound octave bands, the second frequency is usually twice the first one.
- OCTAVE BAND FILTER. An electrical device which separates the sounds in each octave band and presents them to the sound level meter.
- OFFICE, GENERAL. A place of business used exclusively for office purposes where no product or commodity for retail sale is located or sold, including but not limited to sales offices, real estate offices, financial offices and Professional Offices. May also include data processing and analysis facilities, insurance offices, office buildings, office spaces, office uses, travel service bureaus, utility company business offices, and license bureaus.
- OFFICE, MEDICAL. An office for health care providers including, without limitation, dentists, physicians and surgeons.
- OFFICE, PROFESSIONAL. The office of a recognized profession maintained for the conduct of that profession. A profession is a vocation, calling, occupation, or employment requiring training in the liberal arts or sciences, or combination thereof, requiring advanced study in a specialized field; any occupation requiring licensing by the State and maintenance of professional standards applicable to the field.
- OFFICE BUILDING. A Building or portion of a Building wherein services are performed involving predominantly administrative, professional or clerical operations not involving any equipment other than furniture and document processing and storage facilities.
- OFFICER, FISCAL. The fiscal officer, as defined by state law, of the local government unit imposing an impact fee pursuant to this PRIF Ordinance, namely the Clerk-Treasurer of the City of Carmel.

OLD TOWN CARMEL. For purposes of signage, see Section 25.07, Diagram 3.

OPEN DRIVE. see DRIVE, OPEN.

- OPEN SPACE, DESIGNED. Land areas, free of Buildings, carefully designed and specialized in function, which act as neighborhood focal points, and allow for passive or active recreation Use. Designed Open Space is not incidental, residual land between Buildings, but land areas which are integrated into an overall site or neighborhood design, are accessible visually as well as physically, and are functional for use by people for gathering or play.
- OUTDOOR STORAGE. See STORAGE, OUTDOOR.
- OVERLAY ZONE. An additional, secondary zoning classification which establishes additional restrictions on the Use of land. (Example: the Flood Plain Districts.)
- OWNERSHIP, TYPE OF. Refers to methods of ownership of any type of Dwelling Unit, or premises, including individual, corporate, Cooperative or Condominium form of ownership or rental.

P

- PARK, PUBLIC. A public space and supporting facilities designed and used for a variety of recreational activities, a greater part of which take place outside of any Structure.
- PARKING, OFF-SITE. Parking spaces which are located within the platted area and within reasonable proximity to Dwelling Units and supportive Uses (club house, tennis courts, *etc.*) which they serve.
- PARKING, ON-SITE. Parking spaces which are located outside the garage or carport area and are located on the individual Driveway.
- PARKING AREA, PRIVATE. An area, paved with a hard surface in accordance with the current standards of the City of Carmel, other than a Street, Place or Alley, designed or used for the temporary parking of more than four (4) motor vehicles and available for public Use, whether free or for compensation, or as an accommodation for clients or customers.
- PARKING AREA, RESERVE. Parking areas provided by the developer as additional yard space which need not be paved or used as parking until needed by the related Use.
- PARKING LOT, COMMERCIAL. Any area of land used or intended for off-street parking and operated for remuneration.
- PARKING SIGN. See SIGN, PARKING.
- PARKING SPACE. An area, unenclosed or enclosed in the main Building or in an Accessory Building, having a rectangular area of not less than 180 square feet and a minimum width of nine (9) feet inclusive of driveways, permanently reserved for the temporary storage of one automobile and connected with a street or alley. In parking structures one half of the area occupied by supporting columns may be included in determining the width and area of each adjacent parking space and the minimum height of such space shall be seven (7) feet.
- PARKS AND RECREATION INFRASTRUCTURE. See *INFRASTRUCTURE, PARKS AND RECREATION*.

- PARKS BOARD. The Carmel/Clay Board of Parks and Recreation, which is hereby identified as the "infrastructure agency" that is responsible for acquiring, constructing, or providing Parks and Recreation Infrastructure.
- PARTICULATE MATTER. Finely divided liquid or solid material which is discharged and carried along in the air.
- PARTY WALL OR COMMON WALL. A single, unpierced masonry wall that completely separates two (2) separate Dwelling Units.
- PAVEMENT WIDTH. See WIDTH, PAVEMENT.
- PENAL OR CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION. See INSTITUTION, PENAL OR CORRECTIONAL.
- PERMIT, LAND DISTURBANCE. An Improvement Location Permit (ILP) for activities involving Alternation of Real Estate that may or may not involve building construction, but shall not be required for agriculture uses and activities, nor for domestic gardening.
- PERSON. A corporation, firm, partnership, association, organization or any other group acting as a unit, as well as a natural person, or persons.
- PERSONAL SERVICES, GENERAL. An establishment or place of business primarily engaged in the provision of frequent or recurrent needed services of a personal nature. Typical uses include, but are not limited to, beauty and barbershops, shoe repair shops, and tailor shops.
- PETITION FOR REVIEW. A petition filed with the Director to initiate an appeal of an impact fee calculation.
- PHASE. Any land area, whether platted or unplatted, Building or Buildings designated by the applicant in the Final Development Plan application.
- PHYSICAL THERAPY FACILITY. See FACILITY, PHYSICAL THERAPY.
- PLACE. An open, unoccupied, officially designated space, other than a Street or Alley, permanently reserved for use as the principal means of access to abutting property.
- PLACE OF WORSHIP. See CHURCH, TEMPLE, OR PLACE OF WORSHIP.
- PLAN, ARCHITECTURAL. A plan for the construction of any structure designed by a qualified registered architect.
- PLAN, COMPREHENSIVE. A long-range plan for the development of public and private property for Carmel and Clay Township, including a Land Use Plan, a Thoroughfare Plan, and a Community Facilities Plan.
- PLAN, DEVELOPMENT. A specific plan for the development of real property that is submitted for Plan Commission approval showing proposed facilities and structures. This plan review includes general landscaping, parking, drainage, erosion control, signage, lighting, screening and Buildings information for a site. A development plan may include only parcels that are contiguous and not separated by the Right-of-way of any highway in the state highway system.

- PLAN, ZONE IMPROVEMENT. The zone improvement plan for Parks and Recreation Infrastructure which was prepared by the Commission in conjunction with the 2020 Vision Comprehensive Plan of the City of Carmel and Clay Township and approved by the Commission on September 17, 1996, and amended by the Commission on November 21, 2000, and was further reviewed and amended, such amended version being approved by the Commission on January 18, 2005 (the "2005-2010 Zone Improvement Plan"). The 2005-2010 Zone Improvement Plan is attached hereto as Exhibit A and made a part hereof.
- PLANNED DISTRICT. The R-5, B-4 and M-3 zone districts, which require the submission and approval of a Development Plan. (See *Chapter 24*).
- PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT. A zoning district for which a PUD District Ordinance is adopted under *Section 31.06.04*.
- PLANT NURSERY. The growing of plants outside of a structure, intended for wholesale or retail sale.
- PLANTING STRIP. A section of land not less than ten (10) feet in width intended to contain plant materials and for the purpose of creating a visual separation between Uses or activities.
- PLAT. A map or chart indicating the Subdivision or replat of land, intended to be filed for record.
- POLITICAL CAMPAIGN SIGN. See SIGN, POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.
- POND. A body of water either occurring naturally or artificially created and not fed by any watercourse. See also *LAKE OR POND, ARTIFICIAL* or *LAKE OR POND, ARTIFICIAL, UNPLATTED*.
- PORCH SIGN. See SIGN, PORCH.
- PORTABLE SIGN. See SIGN, PORTABLE.
- POST OFFICE. Houses service windows for mailing packages and letters, post office boxes, offices, vehicle storage areas, and sorting and distribution facilities for mail.
- POWER GENERATING PLANT. A complex of structures, machinery, and associated equipment for generating electric energy from another source of energy, such as nuclear reactions or a hydroelectric dam.
- PRE-SCHOOL. See KINDERGARTEN.
- PREMISES. A tract or Lot together with all of the structures in that tract or Lot.
- PREMISES IDENTIFICATION. The common street address of a building displayed in numerals.
- PRINTING OR PUBLISHING ESTABLISHMENT. A facility for the custom reproduction of written or graphic materials on a custom order basis for individuals or businesses. Typical processes include, but are not limited to, photocopying, blueprint, and facsimile sending and receiving, and including offset printing. This may also include a newspaper publishing or printing plant, and a photography establishment.
- PRIVATE AIRPLANE/HELICOPTER LANDING &/OR SERVICE FACILITY. Any landing area, runway or other facility designed, used or intended to be used privately by any person or persons

for the landing or taking off of aircraft and including all necessary taxiways, aircraft storage, tie-down areas, hangars, and other necessary buildings and open spaces.

PRIVATE RECREATIONAL FACILITY. See RECREATIONAL FACILITY, PRIVATE.

PRIVATE SWIMMING POOL, *ETC*. A Recreational Facility designed and intended for water contact activities that serves a Single-family Dwelling(s), Two-family Dwellings and/or Multi-family Dwellings, or combinations thereof.

PROFESSIONAL OFFICE. See OFFICE, PROFESSIONAL.

PROJECTING SIGN. See SIGN, PROJECTING.

PROPERTY FRONTAGE. See FRONTAGE, PROPERTY.

PUBLIC FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS AND INSTALLATIONS. Those facilities and installations which are intended to be accepted for maintenance by a governmental authority or public utility.

PUBLIC SERVICE FACILITY. Those facilities and installations which are intended to be accepted for maintenance by a governmental authority or public utility.

PUBLIC EVENT SIGN. See SIGN, PUBLIC EVENT.

PUBLIC SIGN. See SIGN, PUBLIC.

PUBLIC UTILITY. A business or service, having an appropriate franchise from the state, which is engaged in regularly supplying the public with some commodity or service which is of public consequence and need such as electricity, gas, water, transportation or communications.

PUD DISTRICT ORDINANCE. A zoning ordinance that:

- 1. designates a parcel of real property as a Planned Unit Development District;
- 2. specifies uses or a range of uses permitted in the Planned Unit Development District;
- 3. expresses in detailed terms the development requirements that apply in the Planned Unit Development District;
- 4. specifies the plan documentation and supporting information that must be supplied before an Improvement Location Permit may be issued for development or real property in the Planned Unit Development District;
- 5. specifies any limitation applicable to the Planned Unit Development District; and
- 6. meets the requirements of IC 36-7-4-1500 et seq.

Q

R

RADIO &/OR TELEVISION STUDIO. See STUDIO, RADIO &/OR TELEVISION.

RADIO TRANSMISSION ANTENNA. See ANTENNA, RADIO OR TELEVISION TRANSMISSION.

- RAILROAD. All facilities owned and/or operated by a railroad, except switching facilities.
- RAISING AND BREEDING OR NON-FARM FOWL AND ANIMALS. As establishment where animals are impregnated either naturally or by artificial insemination and the principal purpose of which is to propagate the species.
- REAL ESTATE SIGN. See SIGN, REAL ESTATE.
- RECREATIONAL DEVELOPMENT OR FACILITY, PRIVATE. Any land area and/or facilities used or intended for recreational purposes not open to the general public and operated with or without remuneration charges.
- RECREATIONAL FACILITY, COMMERCIAL INDOOR. Any area of land, Buildings and/or facilities used or intended for indoor recreational purposes and operated for remuneration. This may include amusement parks and arcades, billiard parlors, bowling alleys, dance halls, shooting galleries, indoor skating rinks, indoor sports facilities, and indoor tennis and racquetball facilities.
- RECREATIONAL FACILITY, COMMERCIAL OUTDOOR. Any area of land, buildings and/or facilities used or intended for outdoor recreational purposes and operated for remuneration. This may include outdoor theaters, go cart or race tracks, miniature golf, and water slides.
- RECREATIONAL FACILITY, PRIVATE. A private recreational facility for use solely by the residents and guests of a particular residential development, planned unit development, or residential neighborhood, including indoor and outdoor facilities. These facilities are usually proposed or planned in association with development and are usually located within or adjacent to such development.
- RECREATIONAL VEHICLE. See VEHICLE, RECREATIONAL.
- REGULATORY FLOOD. See FLOOD, REGULATORY.
- REHABILITATION FACILITY. See FACILITY, REHABILITATION.
- RELIGIOUS OR CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS. See *INSTITUTIONS, RELIGIOUS OR CHARITABLE*.
- REPAIR (INDOOR), AUTOMOBILE OR TRUCK. Any enclosed building, structure, improvements, or land used for the repair and maintenance of automobiles, motorcycles, trucks, trailers, or similar vehicles including but not limited to body, fender, muffler or upholstery work, oil change and lubrication, painting, tire service and sales, or installation of CB radios, car alarms, stereo equipment or cellular telephones.
- REPEATED CIVIL ZONING VIOLATION. See VIOLATION, REPEATED CIVIL ZONING.
- RESEARCH LABORATORY OR FACILITY. A Building for the accommodation of scientific research facilities such as electronic, engineering, chemical, medical and similar laboratories and planned and placed on its site in accordance with harmonious principles of architectural and landscape architectural design.
- RESERVE PARKING AREA. See PARKING AREA, RESERVE.
- RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT. The S-1, S-2, R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4 and R-5 zoning district classifications.

- RESPONSIBLE PARTY. Any person, firm or corporation, who uses property in violation of the Zoning Ordinance or who knowingly permits another person, firm or corporation to do so.
- RESTAURANT. An establishment which is primarily engaged in serving food and beverages which are consumed on its premises by its customers seated at tables and/or counters either inside or outside the building thereon, and, as an accessory use thereto, may be engaged in providing customers with take-out service of food and beverages for off-site consumption. This includes a delicatessen and a brewery or brew pub.
- RESTAURANT WITH DRIVE-THRU AND/OR WALK-UP FOOD SALES. An establishment engaged primarily in the business of preparing food and purveying it on a self-serve or semi self-serve basis. Customer orders and/or service may be by means of a walk-up counter or window designed to accommodate automobile traffic. Consumption may be either on or off the premises.
- RESTAURANT, DRIVE-THRU OR DRIVE-IN. An establishment where food and/or beverages are sold in a form ready for consumption, where all or a significant portion of the consumption takes place or is designed to take place outside the confines of the restaurant, and where ordering and pickup of food may take place from an automobile.
- RESULTANT DISPLACEMENT. The maximum amount of motion in any direction. It shall be determined by means of any three component (simultaneous) measuring systems approved by the Commission.
- REVIEW BOARD. The Carmel/Clay Impact Review Board established under Section 29.07.09.
- RIDING STABLE. Any stable for the housing of horses which is operated for remuneration, hire, sale, or stabling; or, any stable with a capacity of more than four (4) horses which is not related to the ordinary operation of a Farm, whether or not such stable is operated for remuneration, hire, sale or stabling.
- RIGHT-OF-WAY. An area of land permanently dedicated to provide light, air and access.
- RINGELMANN NUMBER. The number of the area on the Ringelmann chart that most nearly matches the light-obscuring capacity of smoke. The Ringelmann chart is described in the U. S. Bureau of Mines Information Circular 6888. On it are illustrated graduated shades of gray for use in estimating smoke density. Smoke below the density of Ringelmann No. 1 shall be considered no smoke or Ringelmann No. O.
- ROAD, THROUGH. A drive, road, Street or other motor vehicle path having separate ingress to and egress from an easement, Greenbelt, Lot, parcel or other similarly established area.
- ROADSIDE SALE STAND. A temporary structure used for the sale of goods or produce made or grown on the same Lot.

ROADWAY WIDTH. see WIDTH, ROADWAY.

ROOF CROWN. Gutter line.

ROOF SIGN. See SIGN, ROOF.

- SALES, AUTOMOBILE OR BOAT. Any land, building, structure, or premises used for the sale or lease of new or used Motor Vehicles and/or boats. Automobile or Boat Sales may include automobile or boat repair and service.
- SALES, GENERAL RETAIL. Enclosed establishments engaged in selling goods or merchandise to the general public for personal or household consumption and rendering services incidental to the sale of such goods.
- SALES, LUMBER OR BUILDING MATERIALS. Retailing, wholesaling, or rental of building supplies or construction equipment within a completely enclosed structure, or within an outdoor area which is one hundred percent (100%) fully screened with a solid fence or wall with a minimum height no less than that of the material being sold or rented. This classification includes lumberyards, home improvement sales and services, tool and equipment sales or rental establishments.
- SALES, MANUFACTURED HOUSING. Any land, building, structure, or premises used for the sale or lease of manufactured houses.
- SALES, MOBILE HOME OR RECREATIONAL VEHICLE. Any land, building, structure, or premises used for the sale or lease of mobile homes or recreational vehicles.
- SALES, OUTDOOR. The short-term outdoor display of products or merchandise in an unroofed and/or unenclosed area by a business permanently established on the premise of which the sale is located. This shall include, but is not limited to grand opening sales, sidewalk sales, food stands, and specialty sales.
- SALES, SEASONAL OUTDOOR. The short-term sale of agricultural products that are seasonal in nature, including produce, nursery stock, Christmas trees, pumpkins, farmers' markets, and other similar products as qualified by the Director of Community Services.
- SALES, WHOLESALE. An establishment or place of business primarily engaged in selling and/or distributing merchandise to retailers; to industrial, commercial, institutional, or professional business users, or to other wholesalers; or acting as agents or brokers and buying merchandise for, or selling merchandise to, such individuals or companies. This is not considered a general commercial use. May include uses such as optician/optical supply, or orthopedic/medical appliance & supply sales.
- SANITARY LANDFILL. A solid waste disposal facility which may include an incinerator, grinder, composting facility or other State Environmental Protection Agency approved facility other than an open dump or facility for storage of contained liquid or semi-solid waste or gas, including, but not limited to environmentally harmful chemicals or radioactive materials of any type.
- SCHOOL, PRIVATE. Private pre-primary, primary, grade, high or preparatory school or academy.
- SCHOOL, TRADE OR BUSINESS. Secretarial or business school or college when not publicly owned or not owned or conducted by or under the sponsorship of a religious, charitable or non-profit organization; or, a school conducted as a commercial enterprise for teaching instrumental music, dancing, barbering or hair dressing, drafting or for teaching industrial or technical arts, or culinary arts. May also include vocational or industrial training facilities, performing arts studios, art schools, business/commercial schools, and dancing academies.

- SCHOOL OF GENERAL ELEMENTARY OR SECONDARY EDUCATION. Any public, parochial or Private school for any grades between first and twelfth that is either accredited by the Indiana Department of Public Instruction or recognized by and in good standing with the Indiana Department of Public Instruction for purposes of compulsory education requirements.
- SCREEN, SOLID VISUAL. See BUFFER OR SCREEN, SOLID VISUAL.
- SELF SERVICE LAUNDRY. A facility where patrons wash, dry, or dry clean clothing or other fabrics in machines operated by the patron.
- SERVANTS QUARTERS. Living quarters within a portion of a main Building, or in an Accessory Building located on the same Lot with the main Building, used for servants solely employed on the premises with such quarters not being rented or otherwise used as a separate Dwelling.
- SETBACK. The least measured distance between a Structure and the Street Right-of-way or proposed Right-of-way as identified in the Thoroughfare Plan (whichever is greater), the Side Lot Line or the Rear Lot Line.
- SETBACK LINE, BUILDING. See BUILDING SETBACK LINE.
- SEWAGE OR GARBAGE DISPOSAL PLANT, PUBLIC OR COMMERCIAL. A facility either publicly or privately owned and operated providing treatment for sewage and/or garbage disposal.
- SEXUALLY-ORIENTED BUSINESS. An establishment that has as a substantial portion of its stock-intrade and offers for sale and/or for viewing, for any form of consideration, any one or more of the following:
 - 1. books, magazines, periodicals, or other printed matter, or photographs, films, motion pictures, video cassettes, slides, or other visual representations that are characterized by an emphasis upon the depiction or description of sexual activities; or
 - 2. instruments, devices, or paraphernalia that are designed for use in connection with sexual activities.
 - Also, a nightclub, bar, restaurant, or similar establishment that regularly features live performances that are characterized by the exposure of less than completely and opaquely covered human genitals, pubic region, buttocks, anus, female breasts below a point immediately above the top of the areolae, or human male genitals in a discernibly turgid state, even if completely and opaquely covered.
- SFHA or SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA. Those lands within the jurisdiction of the City that are subject to inundation by the Regulatory Flood. The SFHAs of the City are generally identified as such on the Flood Insurance Rate Map of the City prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and dated February 19, 2003.
- SIGN. Any type of sign as further defined and regulated by the Sign Ordinance for Carmel-Clay Township, Ordinance Z-302, as amended. Any structure, fixture, placard, announcement, declaration, device, demonstration or insignia used for direction, information, identification or to advertise or promote any business, product, goods, activity, services or any interests.
- SIGN AREA. The area of a sign shall be calculated by multiplying its maximum vertical dimension by its maximum horizontal dimension, excluding the structural support. The gross Sign Area of a

- Ground Sign or Projecting Sign with back-to-back identical Copy mounted on the same standard(s) shall be the total area on one (1) side of the sign.
- SIGN FACE. The part of the sign area that is intended primarily for or can be utilized for communication purposes.
- SIGN PERMIT. A permit signed by the Director stating that a proposed sign has met with general provisions of this ordinance.
- SIGN STRUCTURE. Any structure which supports, has supported or is capable of supporting a sign, including decorative cover and planter boxes.
- SIGN, CENTER IDENTIFICATION GROUND. Applicable only in a Multi-tenant Building Complex. Copy is limited to the name and/or address of the Multi-tenant Building Complex plus permitted Changeable Copy.
- SIGN, DIRECTORY. A sign identifying the names and locations of the occupants of a building. A directory sign may utilize Changeable Copy. For the purpose of this Ordinance a directory sign is not counted as a Ground Sign even if it is supported from the ground.
- SIGN, DWELLING UNIT. A Nameplate with a Sign Area not exceeding one (1) square foot.
- SIGN, GROUND. A sign supported by one or more uprights or braces placed in the ground, not attached to any building or structure. No display or advertising sign shall be attached to the standard of a ground sign other than the display surface originally constructed as a part of such sign.
- SIGN, HEIGHT OF GROUND. The vertical distance measured from the ground level upon which the sign is Established to the highest point of the Sign Structure.
- SIGN, HOLIDAY. Temporary signs or displays of a primarily decorative and non-commercial nature, clearly incidental and customary and commonly associated with any national, state, local or religious holiday.
- SIGN, IDENTIFICATION. A sign which is limited to the name and/or address of a building, institution or person; to the activity carried on in the building or institution; the occupation of the person; and/or the logo. A logo, if desired, representing the building, business or institution on a sign in a unified center is limited to twenty five percent (25%) of the Sign Area.
- SIGN, INSTITUTIONAL. Any given sign setting forth the name of any public, charitable, educational or religious purposes such as, church, college or university, hospital, school.
- SIGN, INTEGRAL. A sign which is limited to the name of the building, the date of erection, a historical marker and/or a commemorative building tablet such as a cornerstone, when carved into stone, concrete or similar material or made of bronze, aluminum, or other permanent type construction and made part of the structure. Integral signs are not intended to be used as a means or promotion, advertising or identification other than as outlined above.
- SIGN, LEGAL NON-CONFORMING. Any given sign which was lawfully established (has received a sign permit) and maintained prior to such time as it came within or under the terms of this Code, November 5, 1981 or the prior Sign Code, May 23, 1973 and any amendment thereto, and which fails to conform to all applicable regulations and restrictions of this Ordinance, or a non-conforming sign for which a variance has been granted by the Board and for which a sign permit has been issued. (See also *Section 25.07.08*).

- SIGN, MULTI-TENANT BUILDING COMPLEX DIRECTORY. A directory sign in a multi-tenant building complex only if approved by the Commission when presented as part of a total sign package (B-4, B-7, B-8, M-3, and U.S. 31 Overlay Zone). Copy is limited to the names and/or locations of the buildings in the Multi-tenant Building Complex. Said sign shall have a maximum Sign Area of twenty (20) square feet and a maximum height of five (5) feet.
- SIGN, PARKING. Any sign used to designate parking areas of spaces for public or private use. Signs identifying parking areas shall be used solely for identification purposes, with only one parking sign per property frontage, including alleys for the purpose of this definition only, permitted. Signage used to indicate the reservation of a parking space for a specific person is permitted but, copy shall be limited to the name or title of the person for whom the space is reserved. (See *Section 25.07.01-03* Exempted Signs).

SIGN, PERMANENT.

- 1. A sign that is intended to be erected for more than 1 year, other than a Subdivision Construction Sign.
- 2. A sign that in fact has been in place for more than 1 year. In situations where a sign has been in place for more than 1 year, the property owner is entitled to a single renewal of the yearly temporary sign permit. Upon expiration of that renewal, the property owner must submit an application for a permanent sign and must adhere to the ordinances applied to permanent signs.
- SIGN, POLITICAL CAMPAIGN. Any sign having reference to a candidate for elective public office or a public question or issue to be submitted to the voters at a general, special or primary election.
- SIGN, PORCH. A sign attached to a porch or overhang. A maximum sign area of six (6) square feet. This type of sign shall be permitted only in Old Town Carmel.
- SIGN, PORTABLE. A sign not permanently anchored or secured to either a building or the ground.
- SIGN, PROJECTING. A sign attached to and supported by a building and which extends out at any angle therefrom. This type of sign shall be permitted in Old Town Carmel and within the Carmel Drive Range Line Road Overlay only and shall be limited to twenty (20) square feet maximum Sign Area.
- SIGN, PUBLIC. Official notices posted by the public officers or employees in the performance of their duties.
- SIGN, PUBLIC EVENT. A temporary sign announcing function of public interest. This does not include SALE signs.
- SIGN, REAL ESTATE. Any sign advertising the sale, rental or lease of the premises or part of the premises on which the sign is located.
- SIGN, ROOF. A sign established and maintained upon the roof of a building which is located between the roof line and the roof crown. Roof signs are prohibited on residences which been converted to office, business and/or manufacturing uses.
- SIGN, SUSPENDED. A Ground Sign suspended from and installed on an arm or spar attached to one (1) upright, decorative pole. The pole and arm and/or spar are limited to a maximum 16-square-inch

cross-sectional area. No display or advertising sign shall be attached to the standard of a suspended sign other than the display surface originally constructed as a part of such sign. (Twelve (12) square feet maximum sign area). This type of sign shall be permitted only in Old Town Carmel.

SIGN, TEMPORARY.

- 1. A Subdivision Construction Sign and a sign that is intended to be erected for a specified amount of time that is less than 1 year. The duration must be specified in the application.
- 2. A sign that in fact is erected for less than a year.
- SIGN, TRAFFIC DIRECTIONAL. Sign directing traffic movement onto and/or within a premise, not exceeding three (3) square feet in sign area for any one (1) sign; and shall not be higher than three (3) feet above ground level. Standard traffic directional signs, such as STOP and YIELD signs, shall comply with the "Uniform Manual for Traffic Control Devises."
- SIGN, VEHICLE. A sign on a vehicle of any kind, provided the sign is painted or attached directly to the body of the original vehicle and does not project or extend beyond two (2) inches from the original manufactured body proper of the vehicle. The vehicle to which the sign is attached shall be in proper working order and shall bear a current license plate and shall not be permanently parked on a public street or street right-of-way. See also *Section 25.07.01-04(q)*.
- SIGN, WALL. A sign established on the wall of a building with the face in a parallel plane to the plane of the building wall, and which projects from the surface less than twelve (12) inches at all points. Said sign shall not extend beyond the edges of the wall upon which it is mounted nor above the roofline. Permanent Awnings attached to the building shall be considered a part of the structure, and signs established on Permanent Awnings shall be considered wall signs.
- SIGN, WINDOW. Any building sign, picture, symbol or combination thereof, designed to communicate information about an activity, business, commodity, event, sale or service, that is:
 - a) placed
 - i) inside of and within two (2) feet of a window; or
 - ii) upon the window panes or glass; and
 - b) visible from the exterior of the window.

SINGLE-FAMILY DWELLING. See DWELLING, SINGLE-FAMILY.

SINGLE-TENANT BUILDING. See BUILDING, SINGLE-TENANT.

- SMOKE. Small gas-borne particles resulting from incomplete combustion consisting predominantly of carbon and other incombustible material, but excluding metallurgical fume and dust, and present in sufficient quantity to be observable independently of the presence of other solids.
- SMOKE UNIT. The number obtained when the smoke density in Ringelmann number is multiplied by the time of emission in minutes. For the purpose of this calculation, a Ringelmann density reading shall be made at least once a minute during the period of observation. Each reading is then multiplied by the time in minutes during which it is observed. The various products are then added together to give the total number of smoke units observed during the entire observation period.

- SOIL MAP. A National Cooperative Soil Survey prepared by U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service in cooperation with Purdue Experiment Station and the Hamilton County Soil and Water Conservation District, showing soil types and composition of their locations.
- SORORITY. See CLUB OR LODGE, PRIVATE.
- SORORITY, FRATERNITY, OR STUDENT COOPERATIVE. A Building providing sleeping and living accommodations for a number of usually unrelated persons and usually associated with an educational Institution.
- SPECIAL EVENT, OUTDOOR. Short-term cultural, community and entertainment events that take place outdoors shall be considered special events, including but not limited to fund-raising activities by not-for-profit organizations, car washes, walks, runs and bike events, concerts, or festivals.
- SPECIAL EXCEPTION. Permission for a conditional use of land which is granted because certain conditions will be met. The ordinance specifies what these Uses may be. (See *Chapter 21*).
- SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA. See SFHA or SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREA.
- STADIUM OR COLISEUM. An amphitheater, large theater or other such facility used for public meetings, sports, exhibitions, *etc*.
- STATION, AUTOMOBILE FILLING. Any place of business with pumps and underground storage tanks, having as its purpose the selling of motor vehicle fuels and lubricants at retail.
- STATION, AUTOMOBILE SERVICE. Any place of business with or without pumps and underground storage tanks having as its purpose the retail servicing of Motor Vehicles with fuels and lubricants, including minor repairs and inspections incidental thereto but not including a general repair shop, paint or body shop, machine shop, vulcanizing shop or any operation requiring the removal or installation of a radiator, engine, cylinder head, crankcase, transmission, differential, fender, door, bumper, grill, glass or other body part, or any body repairing or painting. May include Automobile Filling Stations.
- STATION, MOTOR BUS OR RAILROAD. Improvements and facilities at selected points along motor bus or railroad routes for passenger pickup, drop off, and waiting. Facilities and improvements may include shelters, benches, signs, structures, and other improvements to provide security, protection from weather, and access to nearby services.
- STORAGE. The existence of any stock, vehicles, equipment or materials enclosed or unenclosed for a period of more than seventy-two (72) hours and not for retail or wholesale display or sale, including the utilization or manufacture of explosive materials (not including explosive products), and flammable liquids or gases other than those used by the manufacturing establishments in their operational activity.
- STORAGE OR DISTRIBUTION FACILTY. A facility where goods are received and/or stored for delivery to the ultimate customer at remote locations. This includes food products distributing stations, trucking terminals, and packaging facilities.
- STORAGE OR SALE OF PETROLEUM PRODUCTS. Retail or wholesale sales and storage of petroleum, gasoline, fuel, oil, gas, or flammable liquid or fluid.

- STORAGE AND/OR WAREHOUSING, INDOOR. An enclosed space or place where goods, materials, or personal property is placed and kept for more than 24 consecutive hours. This may include cold storage lockers, self storage or mini-warehouse facilities, commercial warehouse storage, and contractor storage facilities.
- STORAGE AND/OR WAREHOUSING, OUTDOOR. The keeping of any goods, junk, material, merchandise or vehicles in the same place, in an unroofed and/or unenclosed area, for more than twenty-four (24) hours.
- STORAGE WAREHOUSE. An enclosed Structure used as a place for Storage of goods and property.
- STORE, CONVENIENCE (WITH OR WITHOUT GAS SALES): Retail centers that are usually open fifteen (15) to twenty-four (24) hours per day and under 8,000 square feet in Gross Floor Area. There shall be no repair and/or maintenance of Motor Vehicles allowed. A Convenience Store, which includes gas sales, may incorporate a pump canopy designed and constructed with exterior finish materials and detailing consistent with its associated Convenience Store Building.
- STORY. That part of any Building comprised between the level of one finished floor and the level of the next higher finished floor or, if there is no higher finished floor, that part of the Building comprised between the level of the highest finished floor and the top of the roof beams.
- STREET. A Right-of-way, other than an Alley, dedicated and accepted, or otherwise legally established for public use, usually affording the principal means of access to abutting property.
- STREET, PRIVATE. A Street which is not dedicated to or maintained by any public agency.
- STRUCTURE. Anything constructed or installed or portable, the Use of which requires a location on a parcel of land. It includes a movable Structure which is located on land which can be used for housing, business, commercial, agricultural or office purposes, either temporarily or permanently. Structure also includes billboards, swimming pools, poles, pipelines, transmission lines, tracks and advertising signs, whether located on a rock, tree, separate Structure or part of another Structure. Also, a Structure that is principally above ground and is enclosed by walls and a roof. The term includes a gas or liquid storage tank, a manufactured home, or a prefabricated Building. The term also includes recreational vehicles to be installed on a site for more than one hundred eighty (180) days.
- STRUCTURE, TYPE OF. Refers to the physical arrangement of Dwelling Units such as a detached Single-family Dwelling, cluster Single-family Dwelling, duplex or Two-family Dwelling, Row House or Multiple-family Dwelling.STUDIO, RADIO &/OR TELEVISION. Space in an outdoor or indoor area, building, part of a building, structure, or defined area, that is used primarily for the creation of film, television, music video, multi-media, or other related activities.
- SUBDIVISION. Any of the following shall be considered the subdivision of land requiring plat approval by the Plan Commission:
 - 1. The division of any parcel of land (recorded after January 21, 1980, and before January 1, 2000) into three (3) or more parcels, sites or Lots, when more than two (2) of the Lots are less than five (5) acres in area, for the purpose of transfer of ownership, or building development, excluding cemeteries; or,
 - 2. The improvement (before January 1, 2000) of one (1) or more parcels of land for residential, commercial or industrial structures or groups of structures involving the subdivision and allocation of land as streets or other open spaces for common use by

owners, occupants or lease holders or as easements for the extension and maintenance of public sewer, water, storm drainage, or other public utilities and facilities; or,

- 3. Any division (recorded after December 31, 1999) of a Lot or parcel of land where:
 - a. the division results in two (2) or more smaller Lots or parcels, at least two (2) of which are less than five (5) acres in area;
 - b. the division results in two (2) or more smaller Lots or parcels, any of which front on or utilize an easement of access; or,
 - c. the division is for the purpose of building development (excluding cemeteries) and a street is to be dedicated, reserved, or otherwise platted.

All divisions of land recorded after a certain date, as specified in this definition, from a Lot or other parcel of land described on or before that date in the records of the Hamilton County Recorder shall be counted in determining the number of Lots or parcels for the purpose of this definition. The original Lot or parcel shall also be counted for this purpose.

- SUBDIVISION, MAJOR. Any Subdivision that is not less than five (5) acres in area and that has five (5) or more Lots.
- SUBDIVISION, MINOR. Any Subdivision that either has less than five (5) acres in area, or fewer than five (5) Lots.

SUBDIVISION PLAT. See PLAT.

SUBSTANTIAL IMPROVEMENT. See IMPROVEMENT, SUBSTANTIAL.

SURGERY CENTER. See CENTER, SURGERY.

SUSPENDED SIGN. See SIGN, SUSPENDED.

T

- TAVERN OR NIGHTCLUB. A commercial establishment dispensing alcoholic beverages for consumption in the premises.
- TELEVISION, FRANCHISE OR CABLE. Any television distribution system designed to serve any residents within the jurisdiction of this ordinance authorized by any local, state or federal agency.
- TELEVISION TRANSMISSION ANTENNA. See ANTENNA, RADIO OR TELEVISION TRANSMISSION.

TEMPLE. See CHURCH, TEMPLE, OR PLACE OF WORSHIP.

TEMPORARY USE. See USE, TEMPORARY.

- THEATER, INDOOR. A building or part of a building devoted to showing motion pictures, or for dramatic, dance, musical, or other live performances. Uses include but are not limited to a movie theater and a performing arts center.
- THREE-COMPONENT MEASURING SYSTEM. Instrumentation which can measure earthborne vibrations in three directions, that is, vibration occurring in a horizontal as well as a vertical plane.

TOURIST HOME. See HOME, TOURIST.

- TOWER. A ground or roof-mounted pole, spire, structure, or combination thereof taller than fifteen (15) feet, including supporting lines, cables, wires, braces, and masts, intended primarily for the purpose of mounting an Antenna, a meteorological device, or other similar apparatus above grade. The term does not include (1) a water tower that is owned by public utility or municipally owned utility; or (2) any pole, spire, structure, or combination thereof on which an amateur radio station antenna is mounted.
- TOWER, RADIO OR TELEVISION TRANSMISSION. Any ground-mounted pole, spire, structure, or combination thereof, including supporting lines, cables, wires, braces, masts, intended primarily for the purpose of mounting a radio or television transmission antenna (other than an amateur radio station antenna) above ground.
- TOWNHOUSE. One or more Single-family Dwellings with a minimal Front and Rear Yards, and no Side Yards, arranged side by side, separated by common walls between living areas, each having more than one story.
- TRACT, PARENT. A tract of land described by metes and bounds, the description of which has been recorded in the office of the Hamilton County Recorder of Deeds and which existed prior to the date of adoption of this ordinance.
- TRAFFIC DIRECTIONAL SIGN. See SIGN, TRAFFIC DIRECTIONAL.
- TRUCK STOP. A facility intended to provide services to the trucking industry, including but not limited to the following activities: dispensing of fuel, repair shops, automated washes, restaurants, and motels; all as part of the facility.
- TURNAROUND. A space on private property that permits the turning around of any passenger vehicle without the necessity of using any public Right-of-way to turn around.

U

UNIFIED CENTER. See CENTER, UNIFIED.

UNIVERSITY. See COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY.

URGENT CARE CENTER. See CENTER, URGENT CARE.

- USE. The employment or occupation of a Building, Structure or land for a person's service, benefit or enjoyment.
- USE, ACCESSORY. A Use subordinate to the main Use, located on the same Lot or in the same Building as the main Use, and incidental to the main Use.
- USE, CONFORMING. A Use of a Building, land or premises which does conform to all of the applicable provisions of this ordinance.

- USE, NONCONFORMING ILLEGAL. A Use of a Building, land or premises existing at the time of the passage of this ordinance which does not conform to all of the applicable provisions of this ordinance nor those of any ordinance superseded by this ordinance.
- USE, NONCONFORMING LEGAL. A Use of a Building, land or premises existing at the time of the passage of this ordinance which does not conform to all of the applicable provisions of this ordinance but did conform to applicable provisions of any ordinance superseded by this ordinance.
- USE, TEMPORARY. Short-term or seasonal uses which may be associated with construction projects or which intend to sell or promote specific merchandise or products and shall include, but not be limited to, special events, outdoor displays, outdoor seasonal sales, temporary construction facilities, residential model homes, and temporary sales offices.

V

VARIANCE. A modification of the specific requirements of this ordinance granted by the Board in accordance with the terms of this ordinance for the purpose of assuring that no property, because of special circumstances applicable to it, shall be deprived of privileges commonly enjoyed by other properties in the same vicinity and district.

VEHICLE SIGN. See SIGN, VEHICLE.

VEHICLE, MOTOR An automobile, truck, motorcycle, Mobile Home or any other vehicle propelled or driven otherwise than by muscular power.

VEHICLE, RECREATIONAL. A vehicle which is:

- 1. built on a single chassis;
- 2. four hundred (400) square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projections;
- 3. designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light-duty truck; and,
- 4. designed primarily not for use as a permanent dwelling, but as quarters for recreational camping, travel, or seasonal use.

VETERINARY HOSPITAL WITH KENNEL. See HOSPITAL, VETERINARY WITH KENNEL.

VETERINARY HOSPITAL WITHOUT KENNEL. See HOSPITAL, VETERINARY WITHOUT KENNEL.

VIBRATION. Oscillatory motion transmitted through the ground.

- VIOLATION, CIVIL. The erection, alteration, enlargement, maintenance or use of any building, structure or land in violation of any provision of the Zoning Ordinance, Subdivision Control Ordinance, Sign Ordinance, Building Code applicable to such building, structure, or land in the zone in which it is located.
- VIOLATION, REPEATED CIVIL ZONING. A recurring violation of the Zoning Ordinance at the same location; or a violation of the same section of the Zoning Ordinance at a different location by the same Responsible Party.

VISION CLEARANCE ON CORNER LOTS. A triangular space at the street corner of a Corner Lot, free from any kind of obstruction to vision between the heights of three (3) and eight (8) feet above the established street grade. The street grade is measured at the intersection of the centerlines of the intersecting street pavement, and the triangular space is determined by a diagonal line connecting two (2) points measured fifteen (15) feet equidistant from the Lot corner along each property line at intersections of two (2) residential streets or twenty-five (25) feet at the intersection of any other types of Streets.

W

WALL SIGN. See SIGN, WALL.

- WASTE, SOLID. All putresible waste in a form other than a liquid, semi-solid or gaseous form, whether contained in any form or object, and which is not hazardous waste as defined in I.C. 13-7-1-2 nor waste which contains any biological, chemical, bacteriological, radioactive or any other contaminant which may be harmful or injurious to the public health, safety or welfare of the domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational or conservation concerns of the City of Carmel and/or Clay Township and its citizens. This definition is intended to specifically exclude human bodies and sewage.
- WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY. A public or privately owner facility engaged in the distribution of raw or finished water. Uses may include water towers, pumping stations, above or below ground storage tanks, or water treatment facilities.
- WHOLESALE SALES. See SALES, WHOLESALE.
- WHOLESALING FACILITY. A facility primarily engaged in the selling and/or distributing of bulk merchandise to retailers, industrial, commercial, institutional, or professional business users, or to other wholesalers. This may include a transportation facility.
- WIDTH, PAVEMENT. The actual width of a street surface that includes only the area that is driveable by vehicles, not including curbs.
- WIDTH, ROADWAY. The paved area of a Street measured from back of curb to back of curb.
- WINDOW AREA. The total area of all windows along a Building Frontage.
- WINDOW SIGN. See SIGN, WINDOW.
- WIRELESS TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE. Licensed commercial wireless telecommunications services, including but not limited to cellular, personal communication services (PCS), specialized mobilized radio (SMR), enhanced specialized mobilized radio (ESMR), paging, and other similar services that are marketed to the general public.
- WOODLAND, MATURE. An area of plant material covering one-half (½) acre, or more, and consisting of thirty percent (30%) or more canopy trees having a sixteen (16) inch or greater caliper, or any grove consisting of seven (7) or more trees having an eighteen (18) inch or greater caliper.
- WOODLAND, YOUNG. An area of plant material covering one-half (½) acre, or more, and consisting of thirty percent (30%) or more canopy trees having an eight (8) inch or greater caliper, or any grove consisting of seven (7) or more trees having a ten (10) inch or greater caliper.

WOODLAND, SCRUB. An area of plant material covering one-half (½) acre, or more, and consisting of seventy percent (70%) or more canopy trees having a two and one-half inch (2½") or greater caliper, or any grove consisting of fifteen (15) or more trees having four-inch (4") or greater caliper.

X

Y

- YARD. A space on the same Lot with a Principal Building which is open, unoccupied and unobstructed by Structures, except as otherwise provided in this ordinance, which is a maintained green area composed of grass and/or live plant materials.
- YARD, FRONT. A Yard extending across the full width of the Lot between the Building Setback Line and the Front Lot Line which is unoccupied other than by steps, walks, terraces, Driveways, lamp posts and similar Structures, the depth of which is the least distance between the Front Lot Line and the Building Setback Line. Any side of a Lot adjacent to a Street Right-of-way.
- YARD, REAR. A Yard extending across the full width of the Lot between the rear of the Principal Building and the Rear Lot Line which is unoccupied other than by Accessory Buildings, steps, walks, terraces, Driveways, lamp posts and similar Structures, the depth of which is the least distance between the Rear Lot Line and the rear of such Principal Building.
- YARD, SIDE. A Yard extending from the Front Yard, or from the Front Lot Line where no Front Yard is required, to the Rear Yard between the Principal Building and the Side Lot Line. The width of the required Side Yard is measured horizontally, at ninety degrees (90°) with the Side Lot Line, from the nearest part of the Principal Building.

\mathbf{Z}

ZONE IMPROVEMENT PLAN. See PLAN, ZONE IMPROVEMENT.

ZONING OFFICIAL. A designee of the Director of the Department of Community Services.

ZONING ORDINANCE. Zoning Ordinance of the City of Carmel, Township of Clay, Hamilton County, Indiana codified as Ordinance No. Z-289, as amended, and the Sign Ordinance, Carmel/Clay Township, Hamilton County, Indiana, codified as Z-302, as amended.

CHAPTER 3: DEFINITIONS AMENDMENT LOG

39-97 OA	July 11, 1997	July 11, 1997	3.07
67-99 OA	October 4, 1999	October 4, 1999	3.07
94-99 OA	May 1, 2000	May 1, 2000	3.07
47-00 OA	May 1, 2000	May 1, 2000	3.07
76-01a OA	November 5, 2001	November 27, 2001	3.07
160-01 OA	April 1, 2002	April 1, 2002	3.07 Spring 2002 v2
32-02 OA	September 3, 2002	September 3, 2002	3.07 Summer 2002 v1
40-02 OA	November 17, 2003	November 18, 2003	3.07 Autumn 2003 v1
162-02 OA	October 20, 2003	October 20, 2003	3.07 Summer 2003 v1
116-03 OA	November 17, 2003	November 18, 2003	3.07 Autumn 2003 v1
150-02 OA	August 16, 2004	August 16, 2004	3.05; 3.06; 3.07 Summer 2004 v1
04070029 OA	December 20, 2004	January 20, 2004	3.07 Winter 2005 v1
04050012 OA	March 7, 2005	September 7, 2005	3.07 Winter 2005 v2
05120002 OA	February 20, 2006	March 22, 2006	3.07 Spring 2006 v1
	67-99 OA 94-99 OA 47-00 OA 76-01a OA 160-01 OA 32-02 OA 40-02 OA 116-03 OA 150-02 OA 04070029 OA 04050012 OA	67-99 OA October 4, 1999 94-99 OA May 1, 2000 47-00 OA May 1, 2000 76-01a OA November 5, 2001 160-01 OA April 1, 2002 32-02 OA September 3, 2002 40-02 OA November 17, 2003 162-02 OA October 20, 2003 116-03 OA November 17, 2003 150-02 OA August 16, 2004 04070029 OA December 20, 2004 04050012 OA March 7, 2005	67-99 OA October 4, 1999 October 4, 1999 94-99 OA May 1, 2000 May 1, 2000 47-00 OA May 1, 2000 May 1, 2000 76-01a OA November 5, 2001 November 27, 2001 160-01 OA April 1, 2002 April 1, 2002 32-02 OA September 3, 2002 September 3, 2002 40-02 OA November 17, 2003 November 18, 2003 162-02 OA October 20, 2003 October 20, 2003 116-03 OA November 17, 2003 November 18, 2003 150-02 OA August 16, 2004 August 16, 2004 04070029 OA December 20, 2004 January 20, 2004 04050012 OA March 7, 2005 September 7, 2005